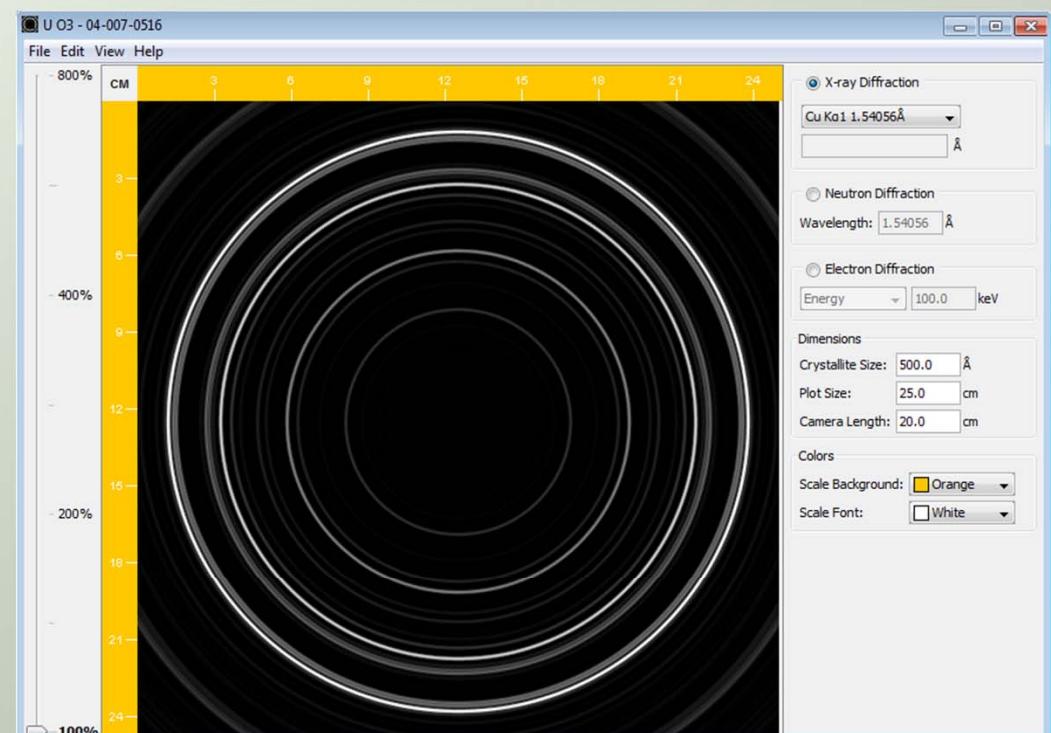




# Use 2D Patterns

# Use 2D Patterns

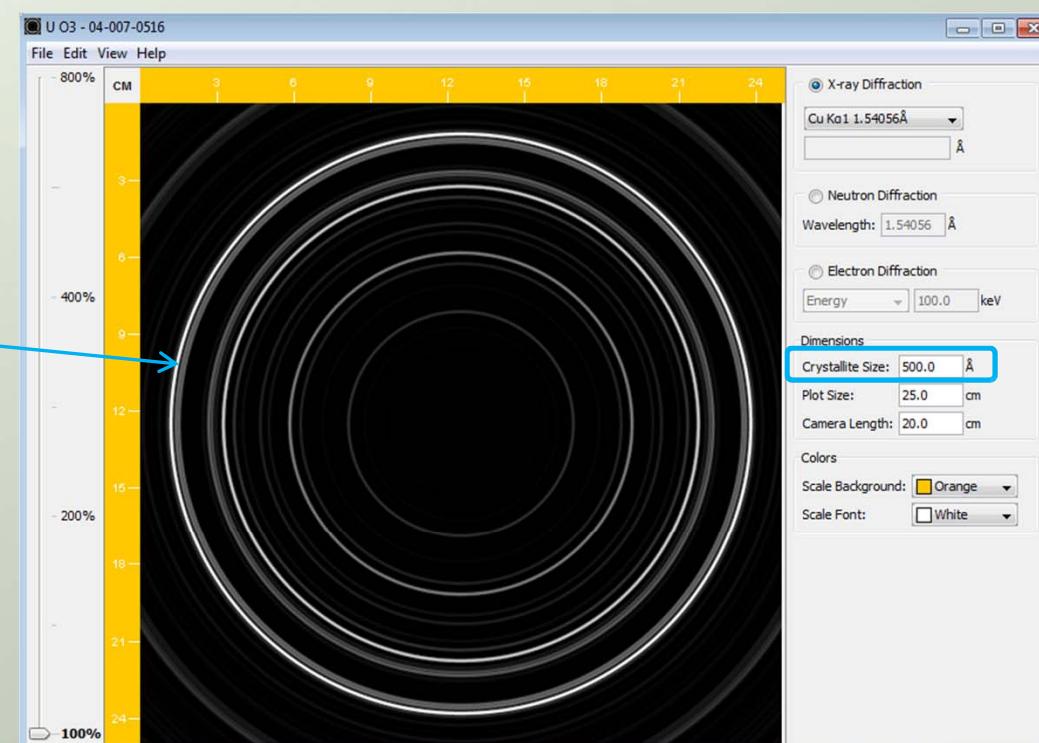
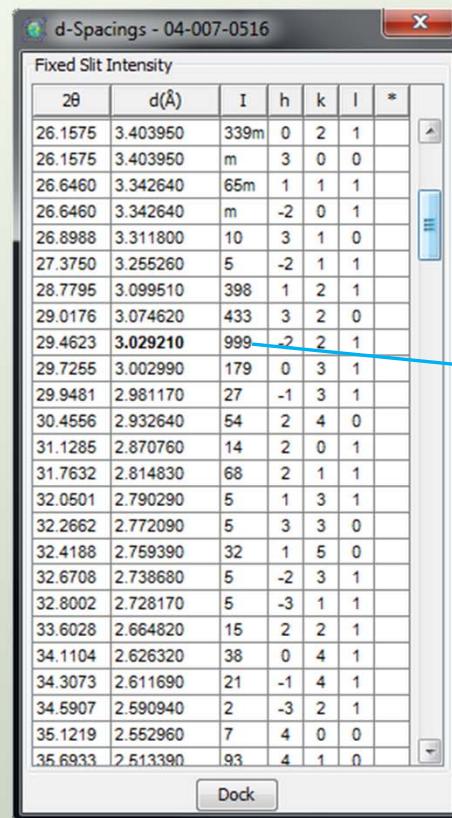
- A graphical 2D diffraction pattern, or *Ring Pattern*, can be produced for every entry in the ICDD PDF-4+ database.
- A Ring Pattern provides a 2-dimensional simulation of the X-ray pattern for a given phase as it would appear on a flat 2-dimensional detector such as:
  - Photographic film
  - Phosphor image plates
  - Solid state arrays



*Ring Pattern for Uranium Oxide (500Å crystallite size)*

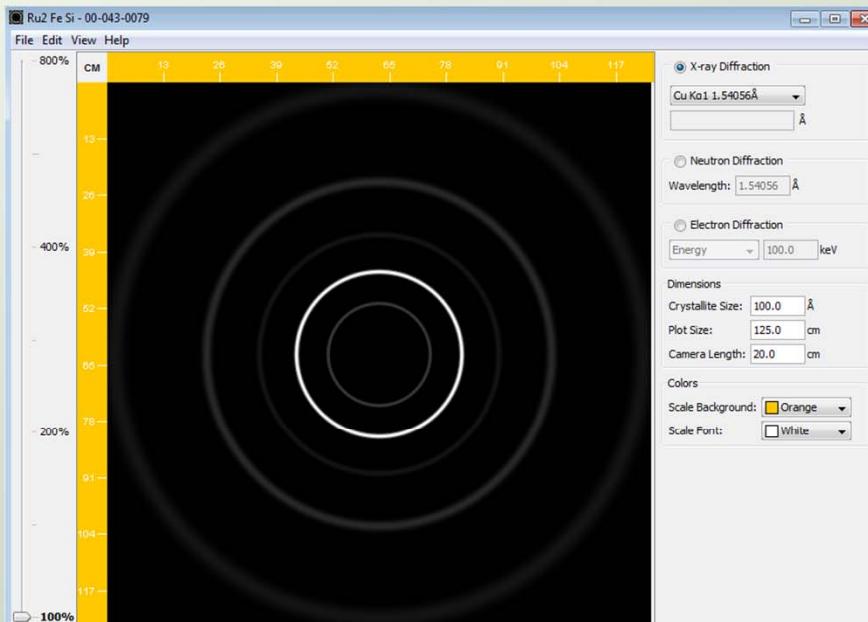
# Use 2D Patterns

- Each ring corresponds to a peak (d-spacing and intensity) calculated using the **Crystallite Size** parameter specified in the ‘Ring Pattern’.
- The higher the intensity, the brighter the ring.

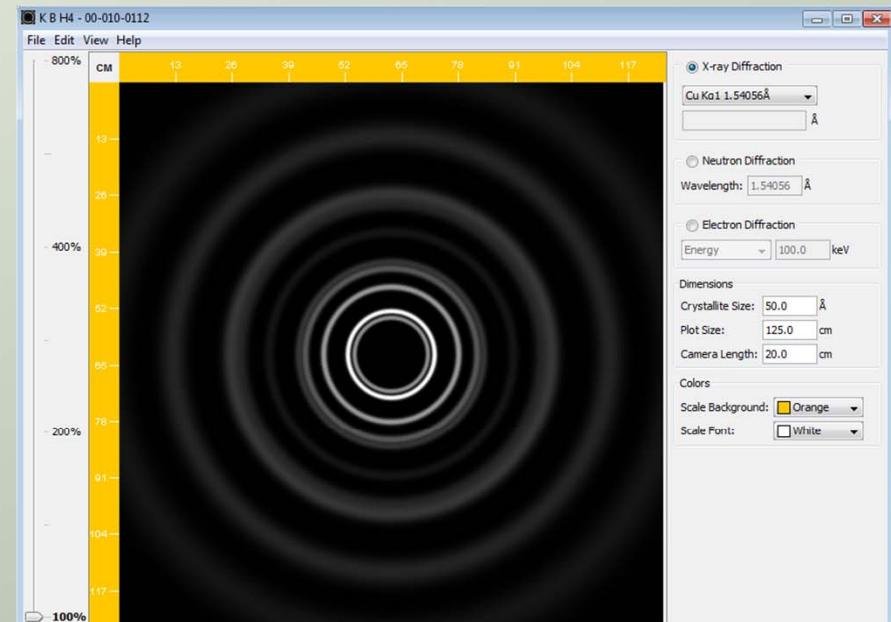


# Use 2D Patterns

- The simulation assumes:
  - No preferred orientation in the specimen
  - Uniaxial positioning of the detector (transmission geometry with incident beam centered)
  - An infinite number of randomly oriented crystallites



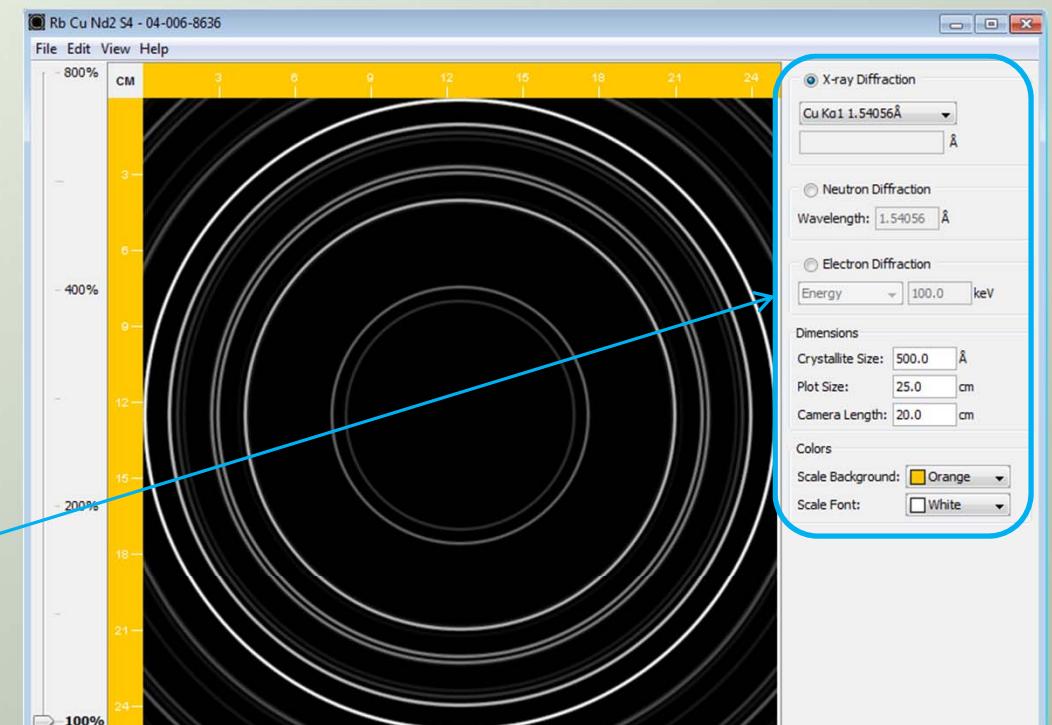
Ring Pattern for Iron Ruthenium Silicon (100 $\text{\AA}$  crystallite size)



Ring Pattern for Potassium Boron Hydride (50 $\text{\AA}$  crystallite size)

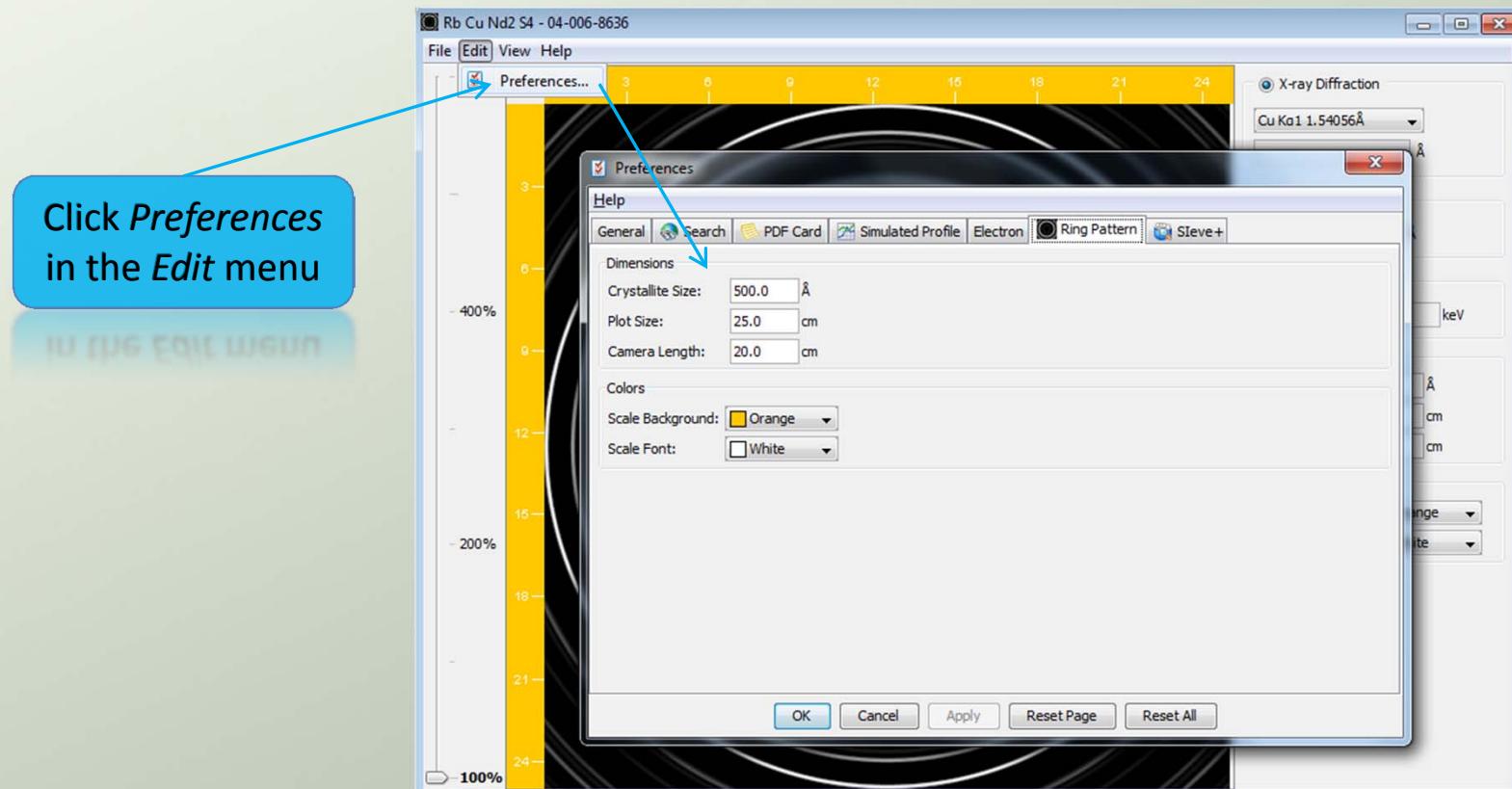
# Ring Pattern Preferences

- There are various preferences used to control how the Ring Pattern is simulated and displayed.
  - X-ray, Neutron (new), and Electron (new) Diffraction
  - Wavelength, energy (new)
  - Crystallite Size
  - Plot Size
  - Camera Length
  - Colors
- You can dynamically change the preferences on the form for that individual Ring Pattern.



# Ring Pattern Preferences

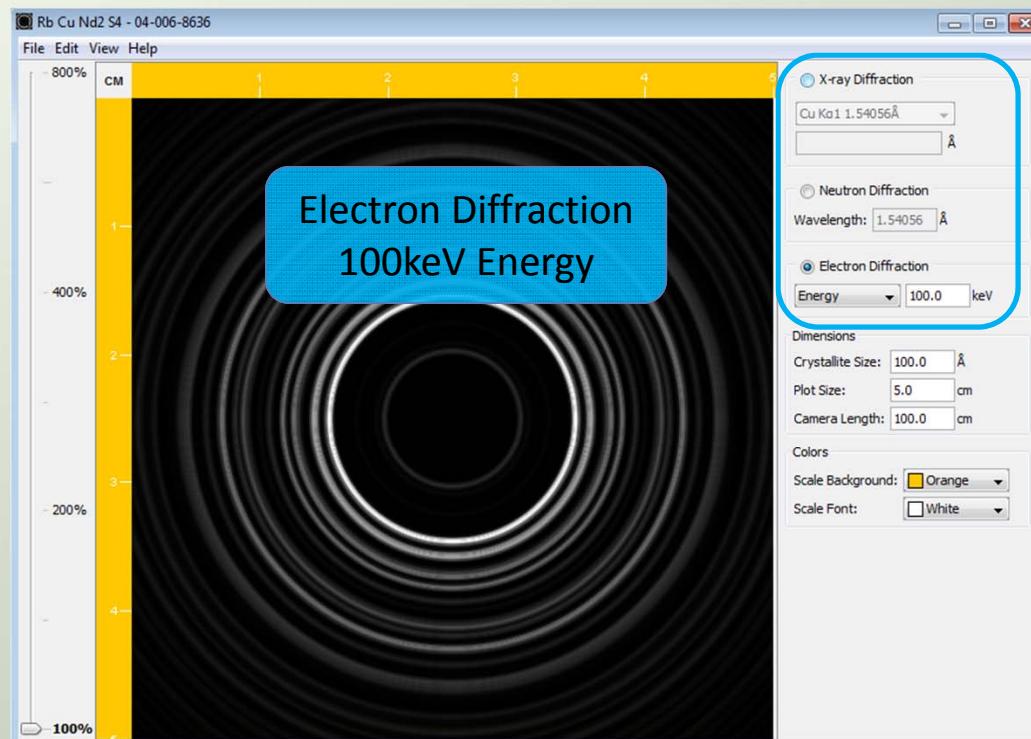
- Alternatively, you can change the preferences for all Ring Patterns by using the Ring Pattern Preferences form.



**Ring Pattern Preferences**

# Ring Pattern Preferences

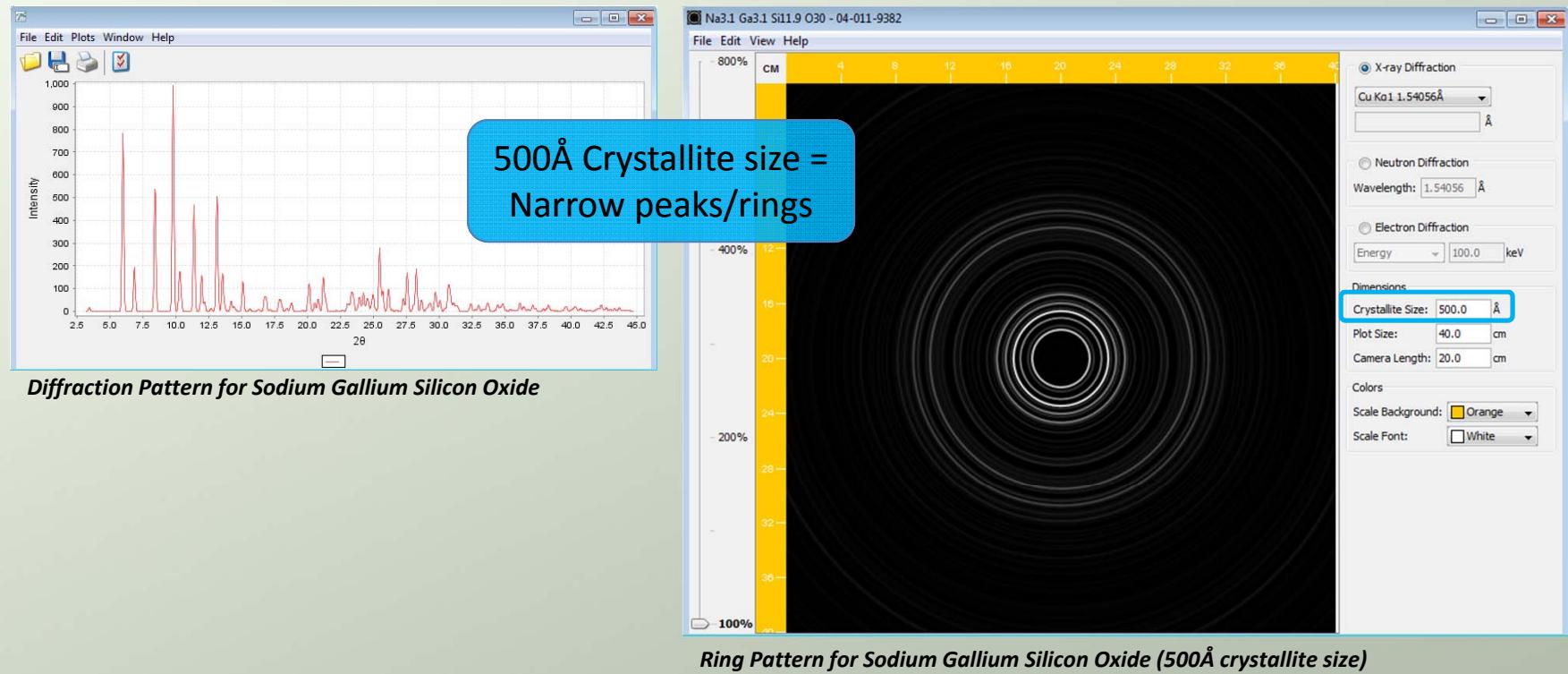
- The diffraction type of the Ring Pattern can be set to:
  - **X-ray diffraction** using a wavelength
  - **Neutron diffraction** using a wavelength (**new**)
  - **Electron diffraction** using a wavelength or energy (**new**)
- To change the diffraction type and wavelength/energy for all Ring Patterns, use the Simulated Profile Preferences.



Ring Pattern for Rubidium Copper Neodymium Sulfide (100Å crystallite size)

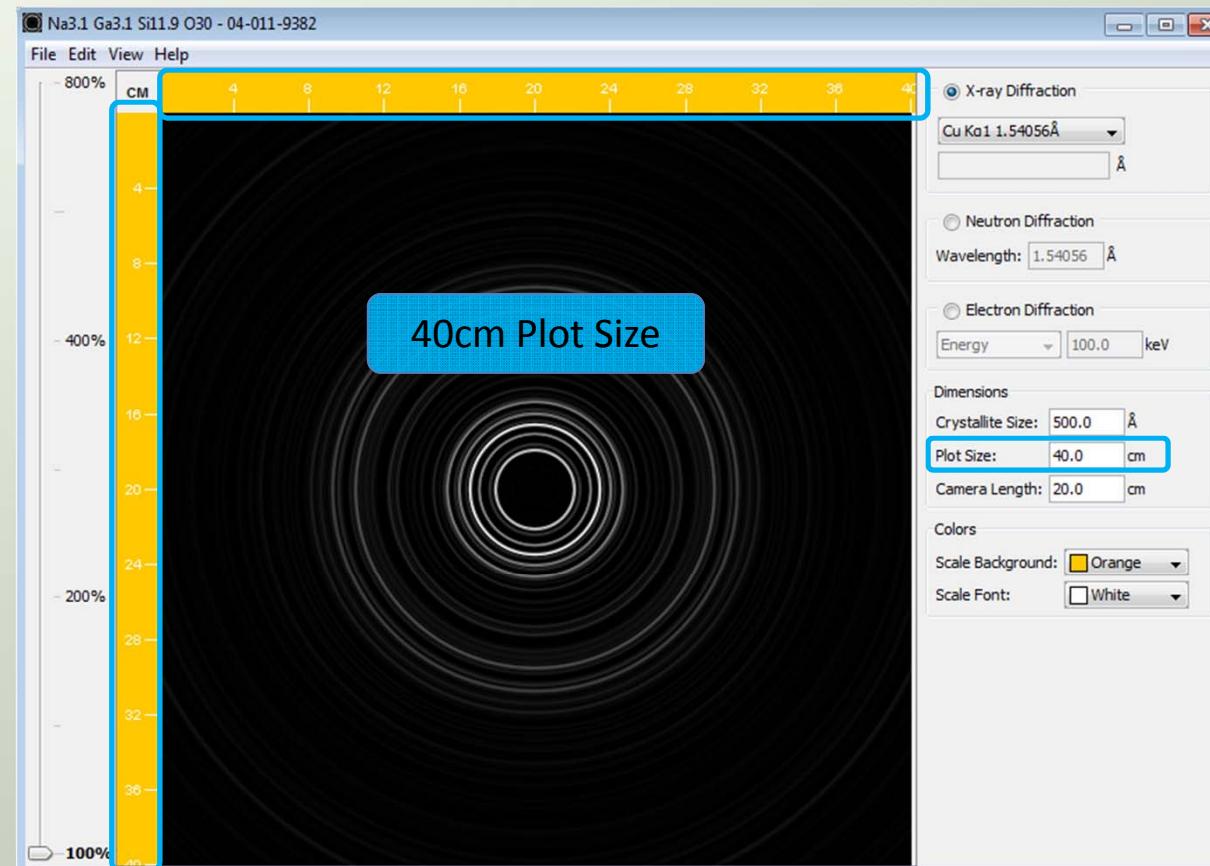
# Ring Pattern Preferences

- The ***Crystallite Size*** parameter (in Å) affects the broadness of the rings.
- Narrow rings correspond to larger ***Crystallite Sizes***.



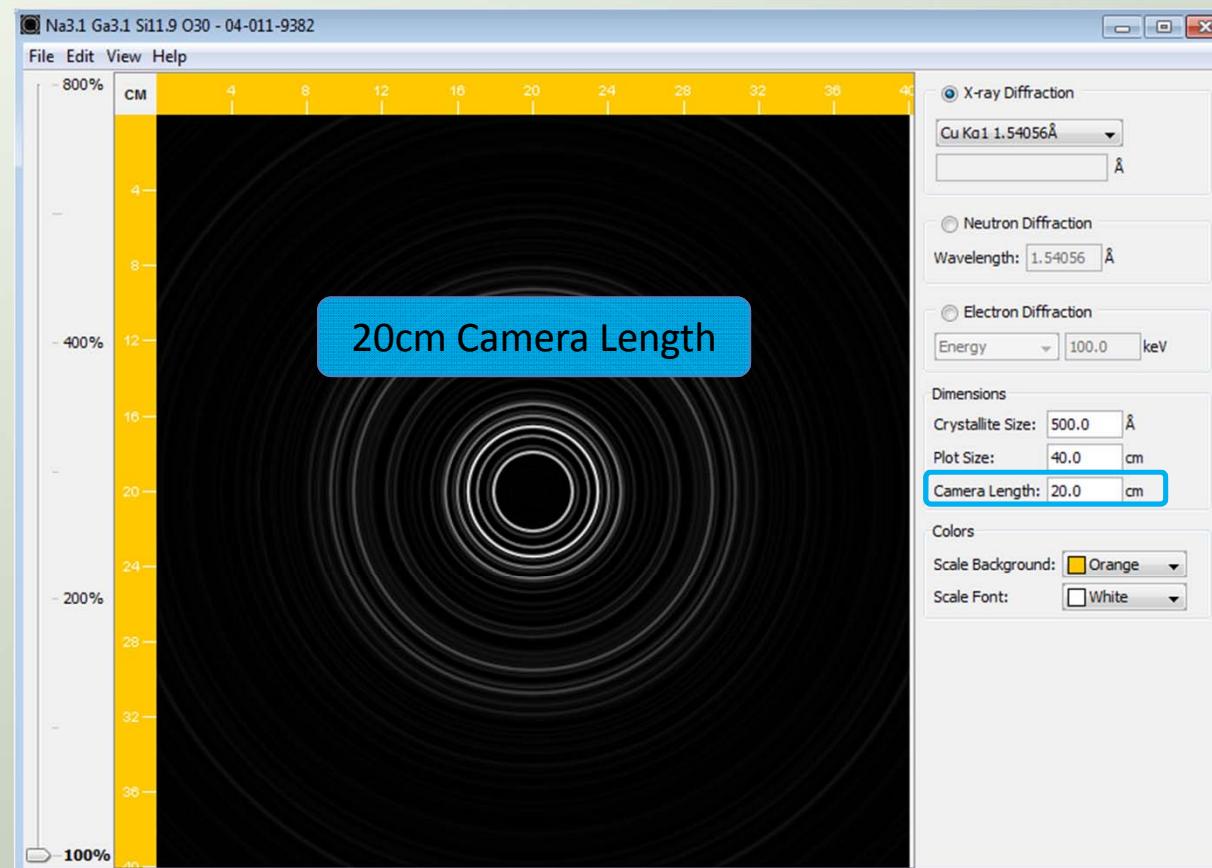
# Ring Pattern Preferences

- The **Plot Size** controls the detector dimensions (width and height in cm).
- If the Ring Pattern is not visible on the form, try increasing the **Plot Size**.



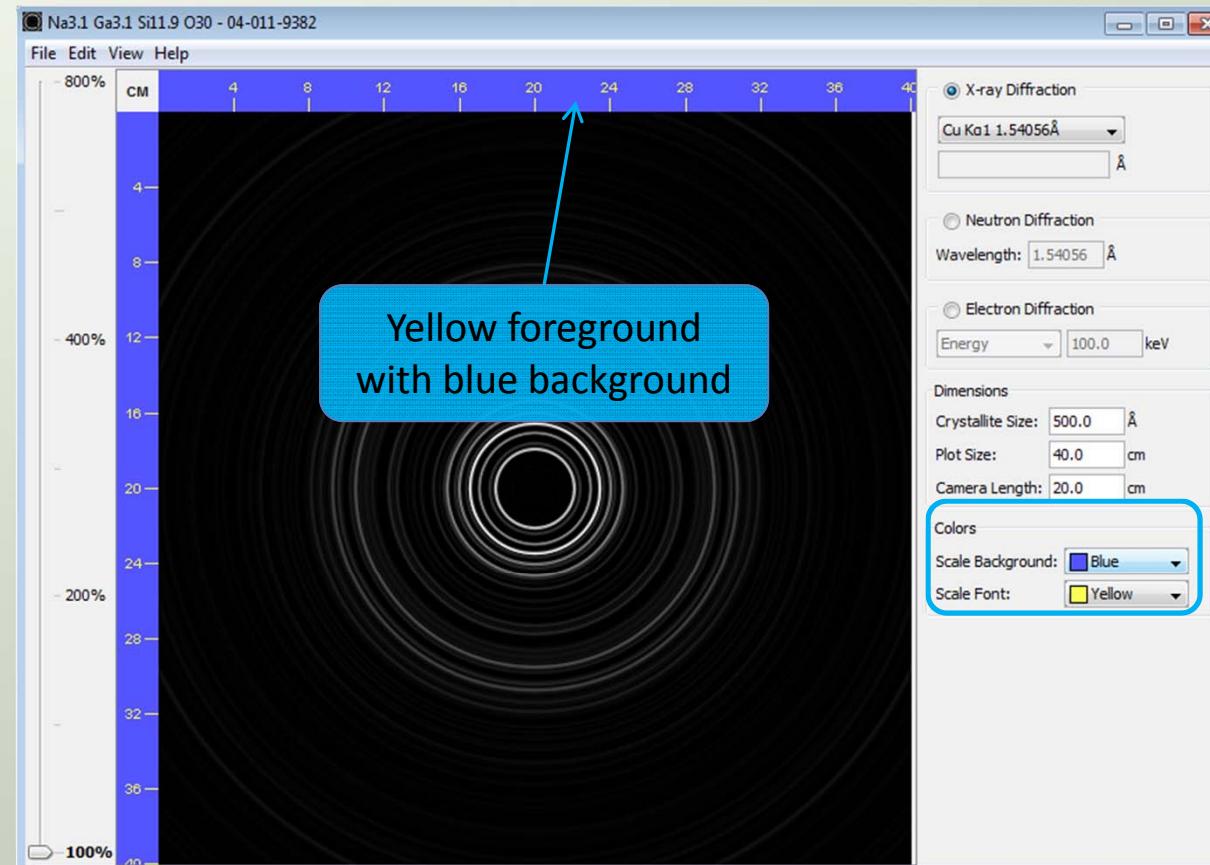
# Ring Pattern Preferences

- The ***Camera Length*** controls the sample-to-detector distance (in cm).

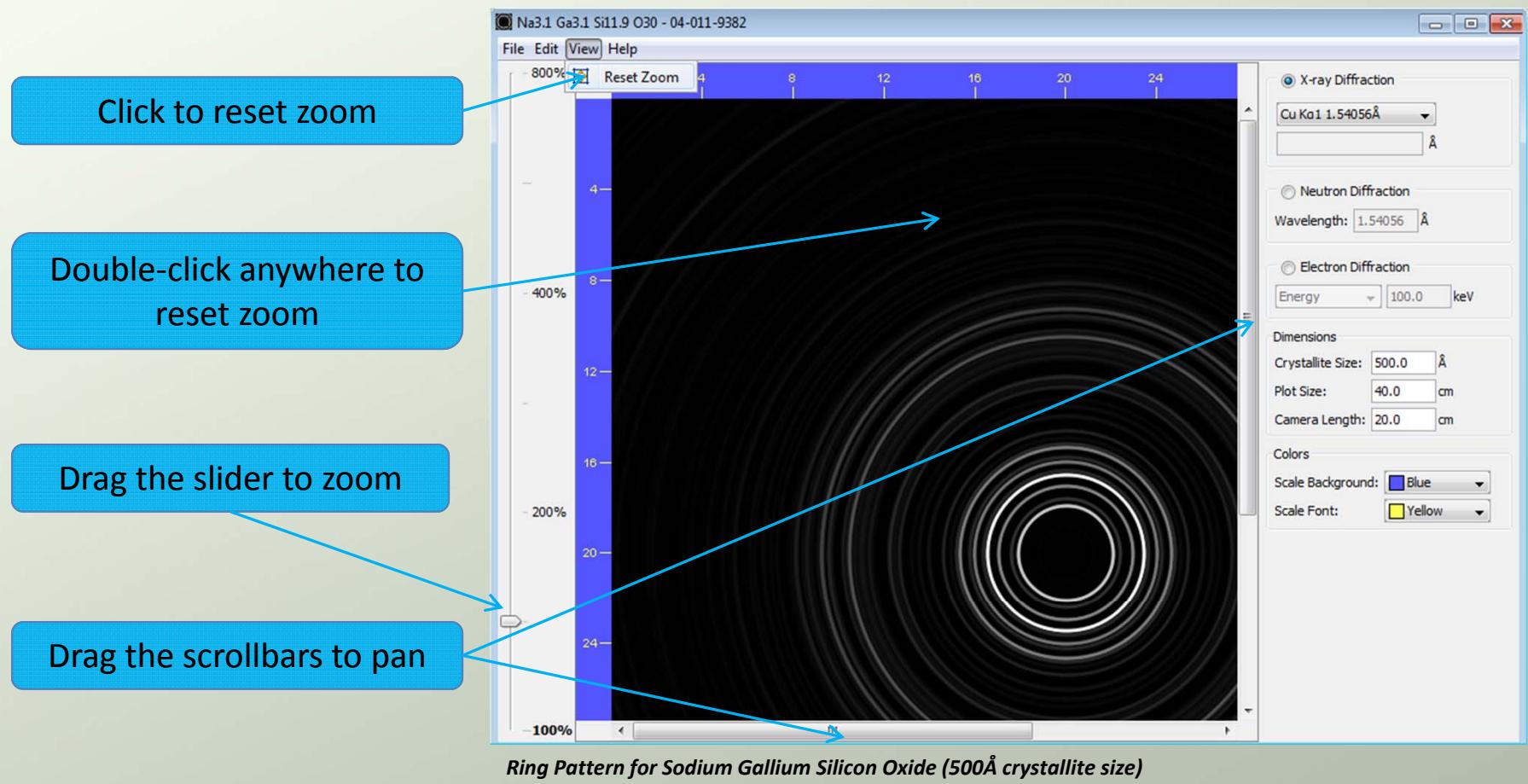


# Ring Pattern Preferences

- The **Scale Background** and **Scale Font** colors control the appearance of the Ring Pattern.



# Ring Pattern Manipulation





Thank you for viewing our tutorial.  
Additional tutorials are available at the ICDD website.

[www.icdd.com](http://www.icdd.com)

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