PDF-4+ Tools and Searches

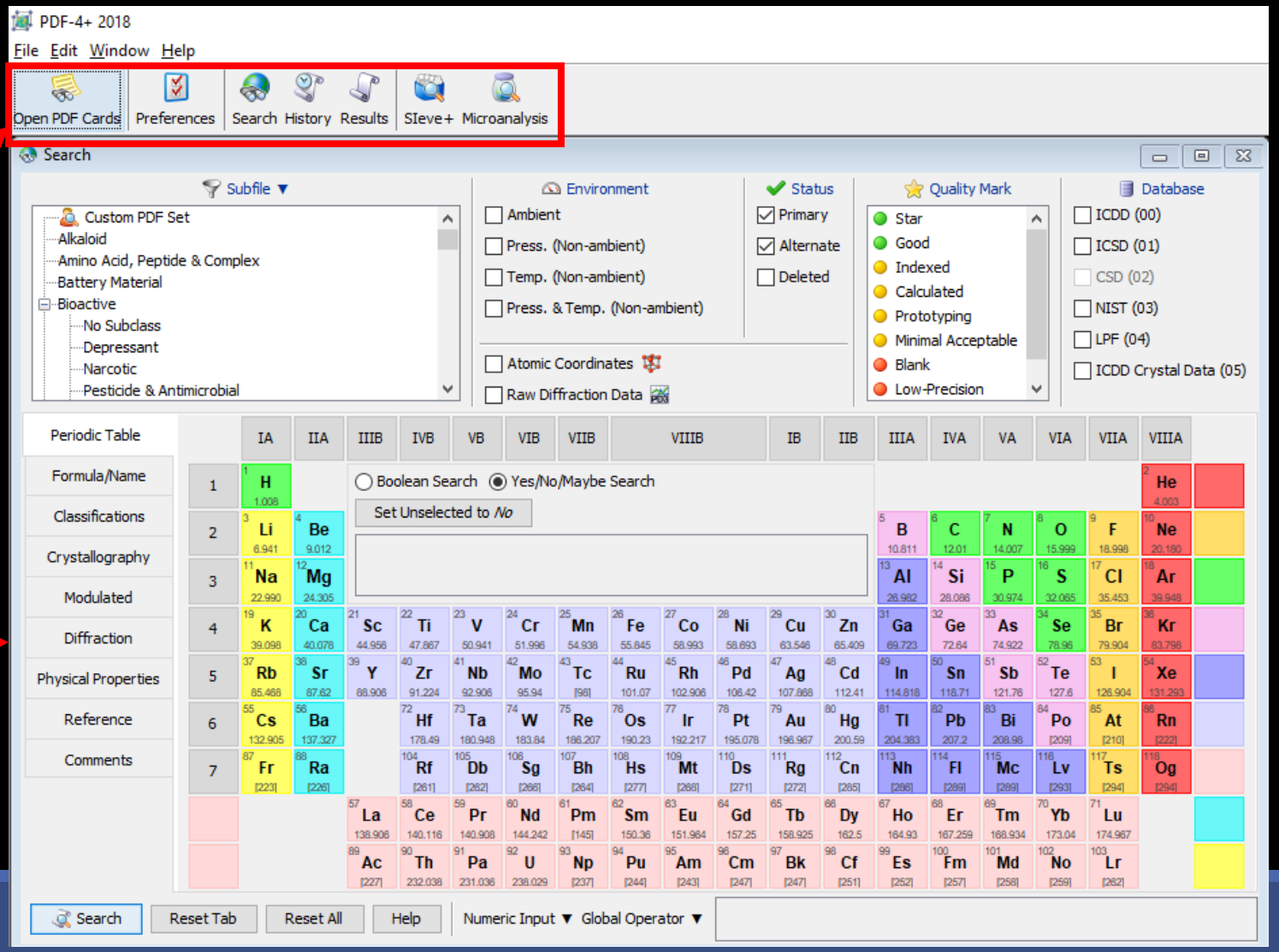
PDF-4+ 2018

The PDF-4+ 2018 database is powered by our integrated search display software. PDF-4+ 2018 boasts 72 search selections coupled with 125 display fields resulting in a nearly limitless choice of data mining options. This quick tutorial will introduce you to the basics of PDF-4+ filters available to you to refine your search.

- Getting Started: The Toolbar
- Search Window: Overview of Search Classifications
- Data Mining Basics
- Search Example
- Preferences Module
- PDF Data Card

Launch Screen

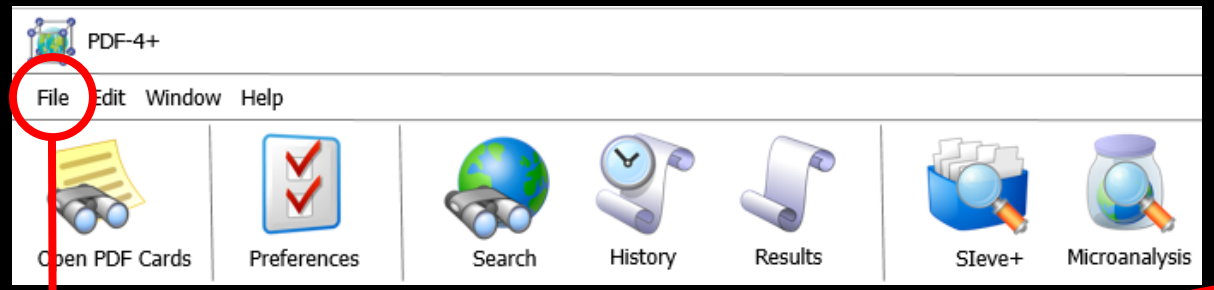
This will be the opening screen when you have correctly opened PDF-4+ 2018.



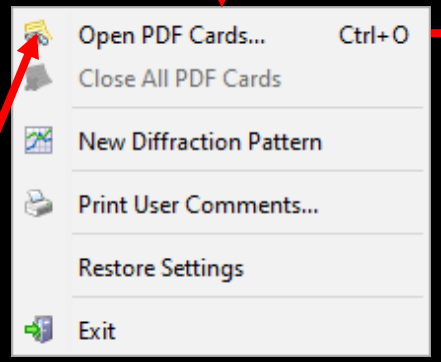
Tool Bar

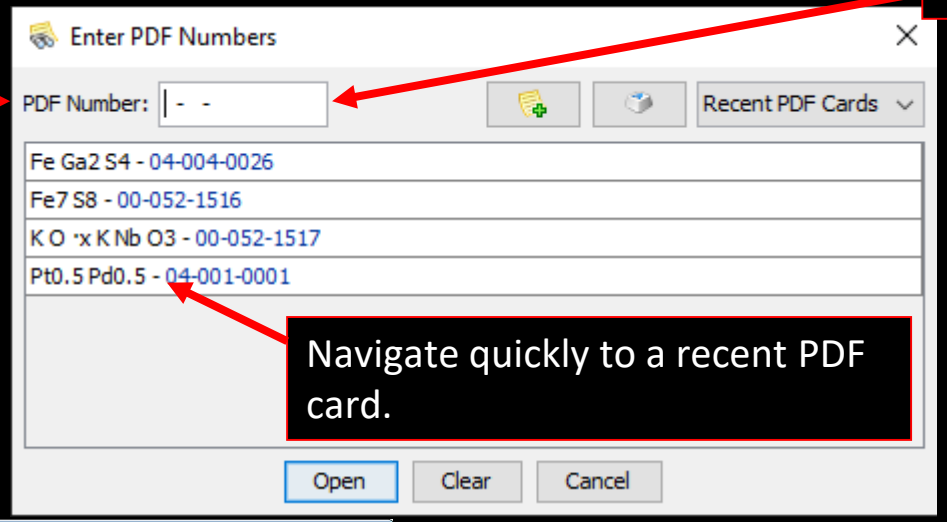
Primary Search Menu

Getting Started



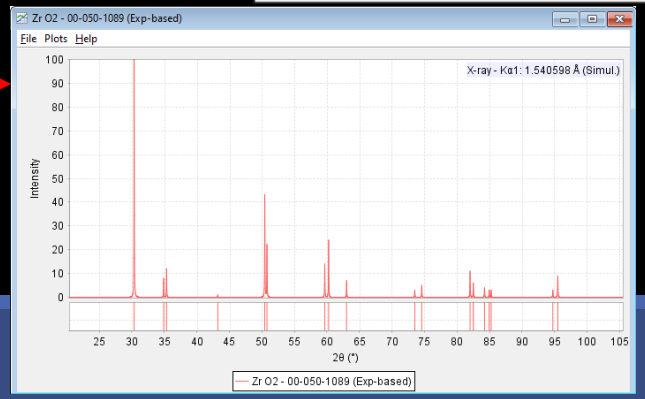
Open a known PDF card.



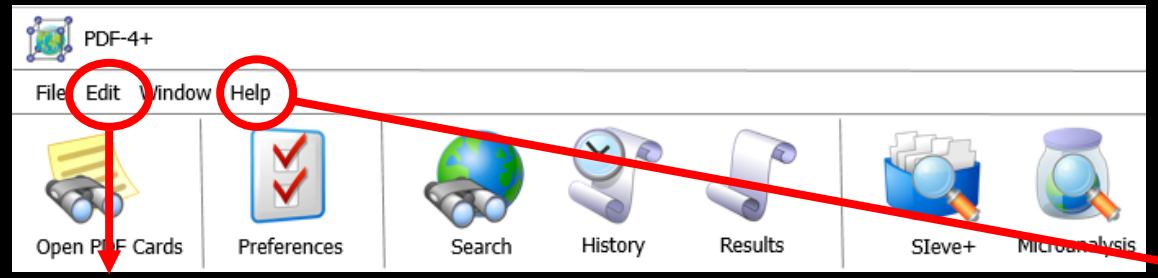


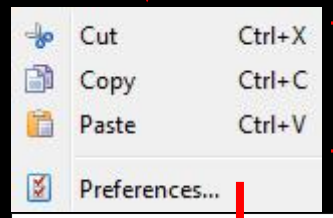
Navigate quickly to a recent PDF card.

Open a previously saved diffraction pattern. The pattern must be of the ICDD XML file format. All PDF entries can be saved in this format.

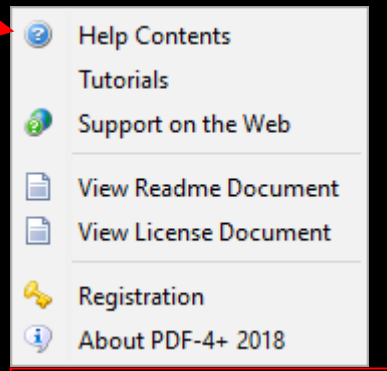


Getting Started



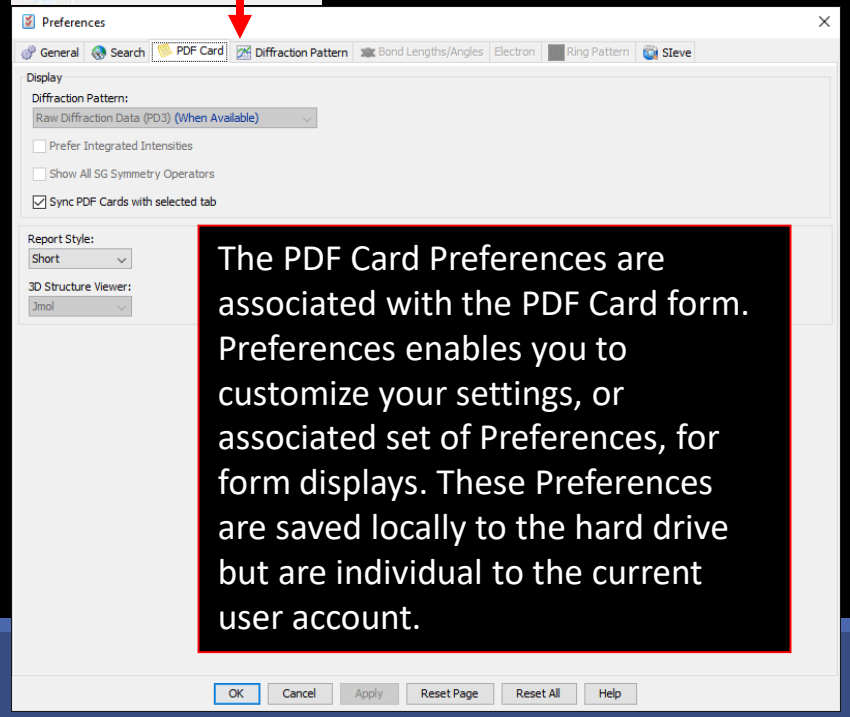


Edit functions



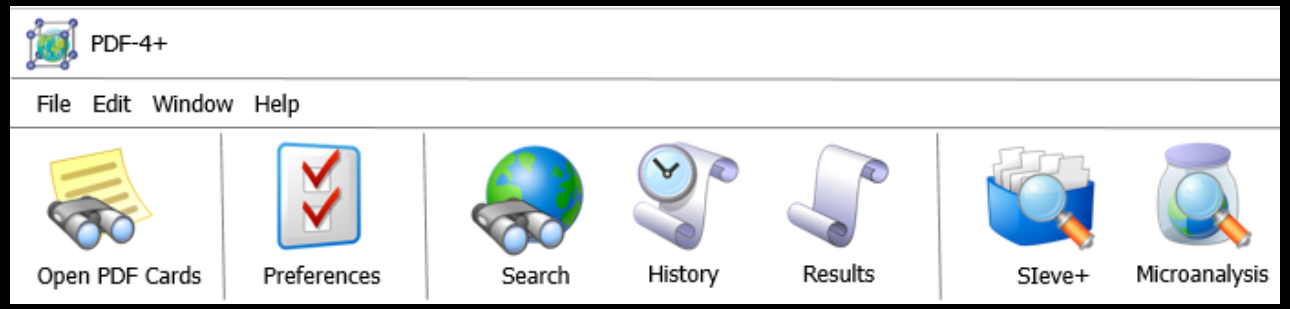
Help information regarding use, support, license policy, and registration of the PDF-4+. Be sure to register the PDF-4+ by clicking on Registration within 10 days of installation to activate the full license term.

Customize Wavelength, Intensity, Report Style, and many more features of the PDF-4+.



The PDF Card Preferences are associated with the PDF Card form. Preferences enables you to customize your settings, or associated set of Preferences, for form displays. These Preferences are saved locally to the hard drive but are individual to the current user account.

Tool Bar



Quick Navigation Icons

Select a PDF Card

Select Preferences Module

Open Search Window

Microanalysis

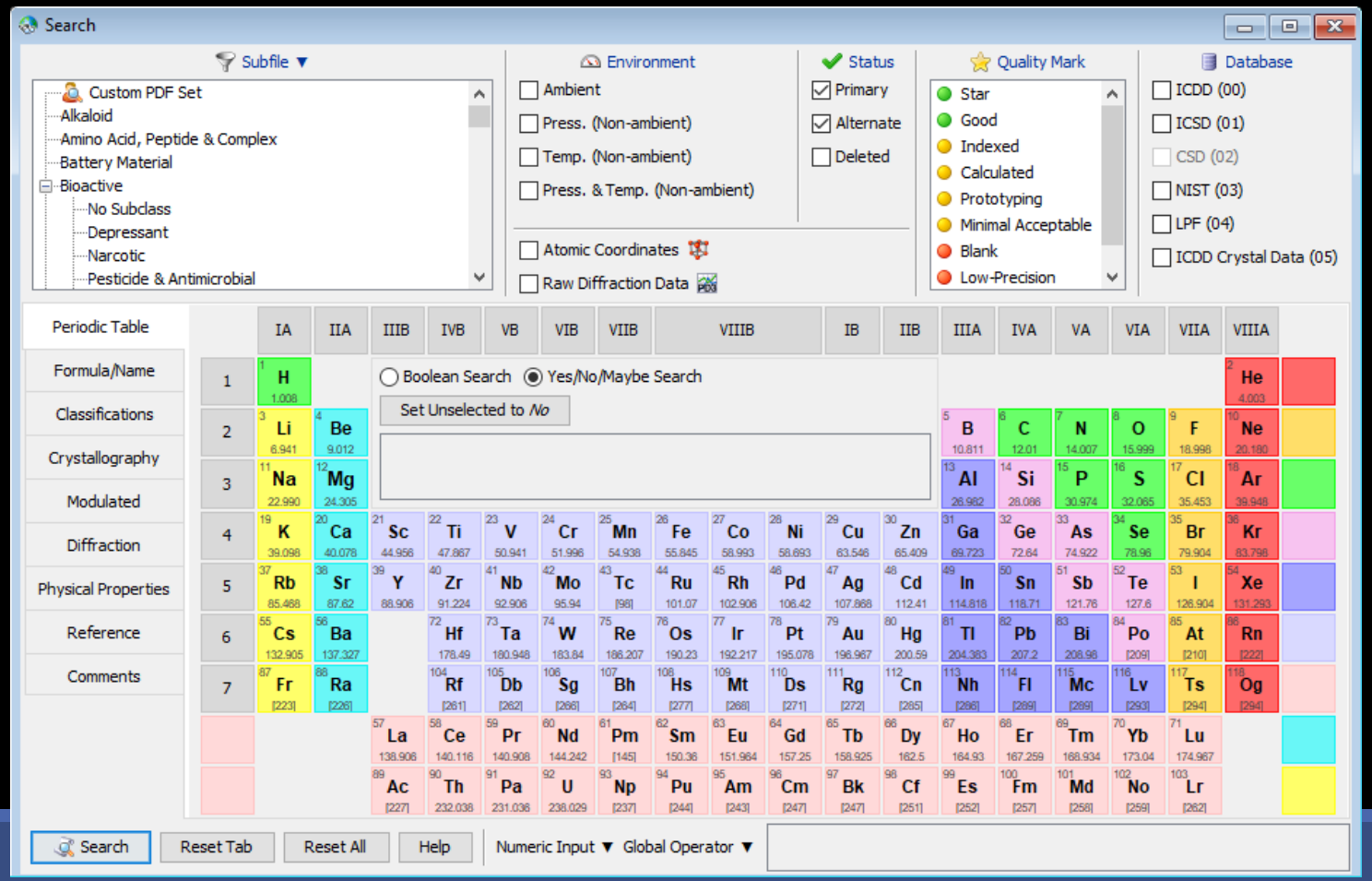
Open History Window

Open Results Window

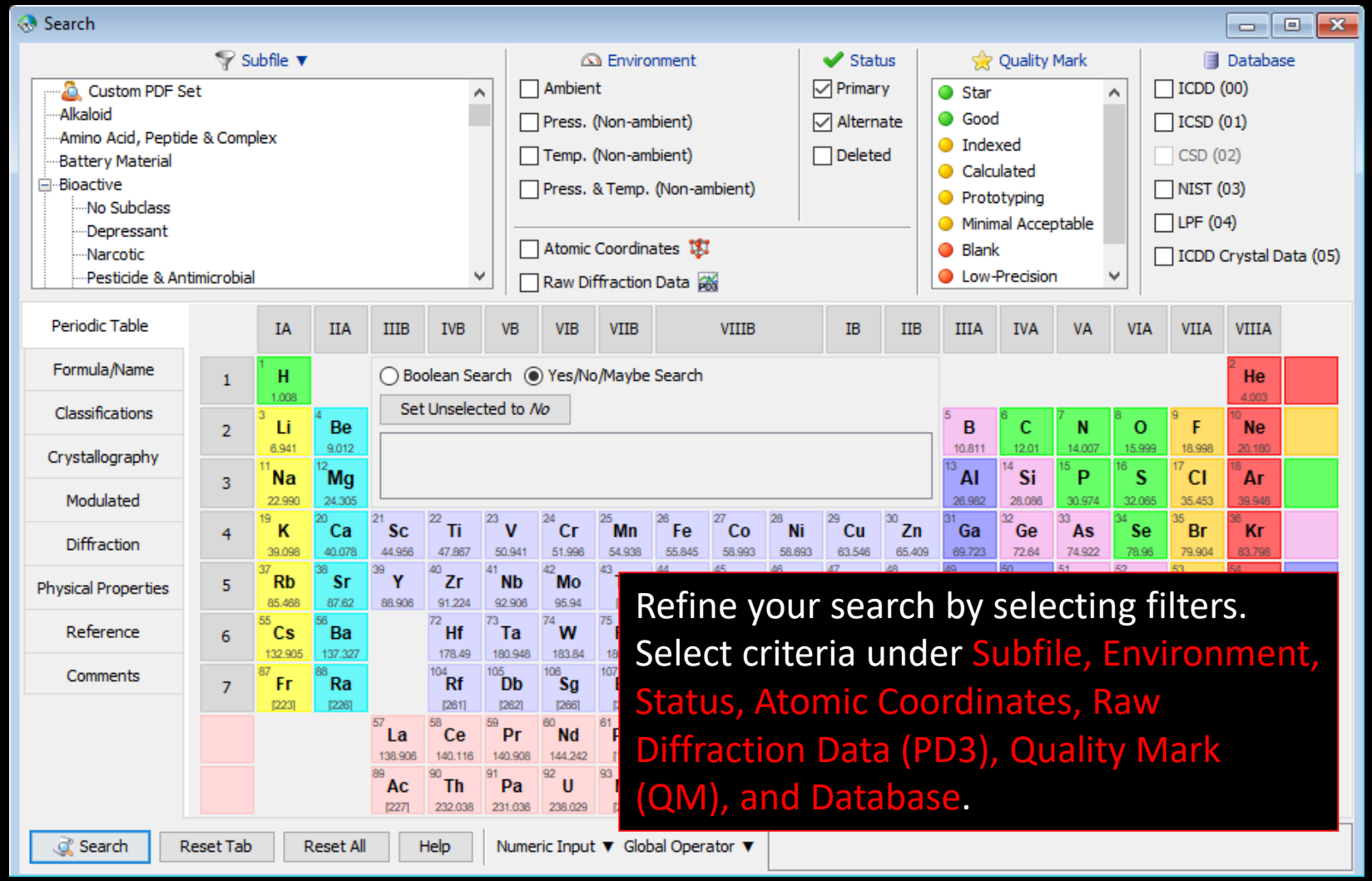
Open SIeve+

Primary Search Menu

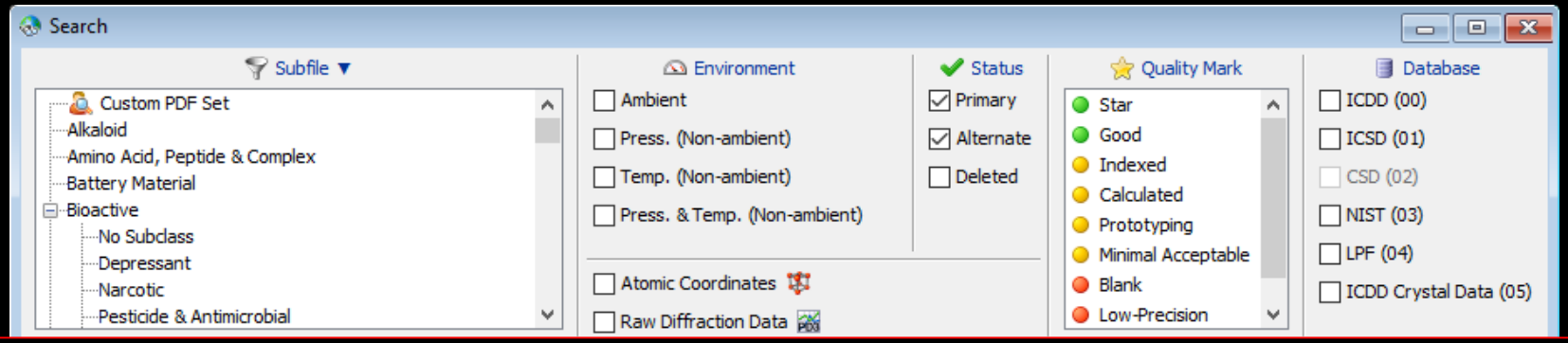
The Search Window displays nine tabs. Each tab features multiple search criteria to allow you to data mine the PDF-4+. Searching the PDF-4+ is an iterative process that allows you to input user-defined criteria, view the results, and combine additional criteria to refine your results.



Search Window
Subfiles/Database Filters



Search Window
Subfiles/Database Filters



Filters:

Subfile – select filters related to assigned subfiles/subclass.

Environment – select filters related to the environment (especially temperature and pressure).

Atomic Coordinates – filters based on entries that contain atomic coordinates or a cross-reference to an entry with atomic coordinates.

Raw Diffraction Data (PD3) – filters based on entries with high quality raw experimental data that can consist of nano-crystalline materials, semi-crystalline materials, or amorphous materials.

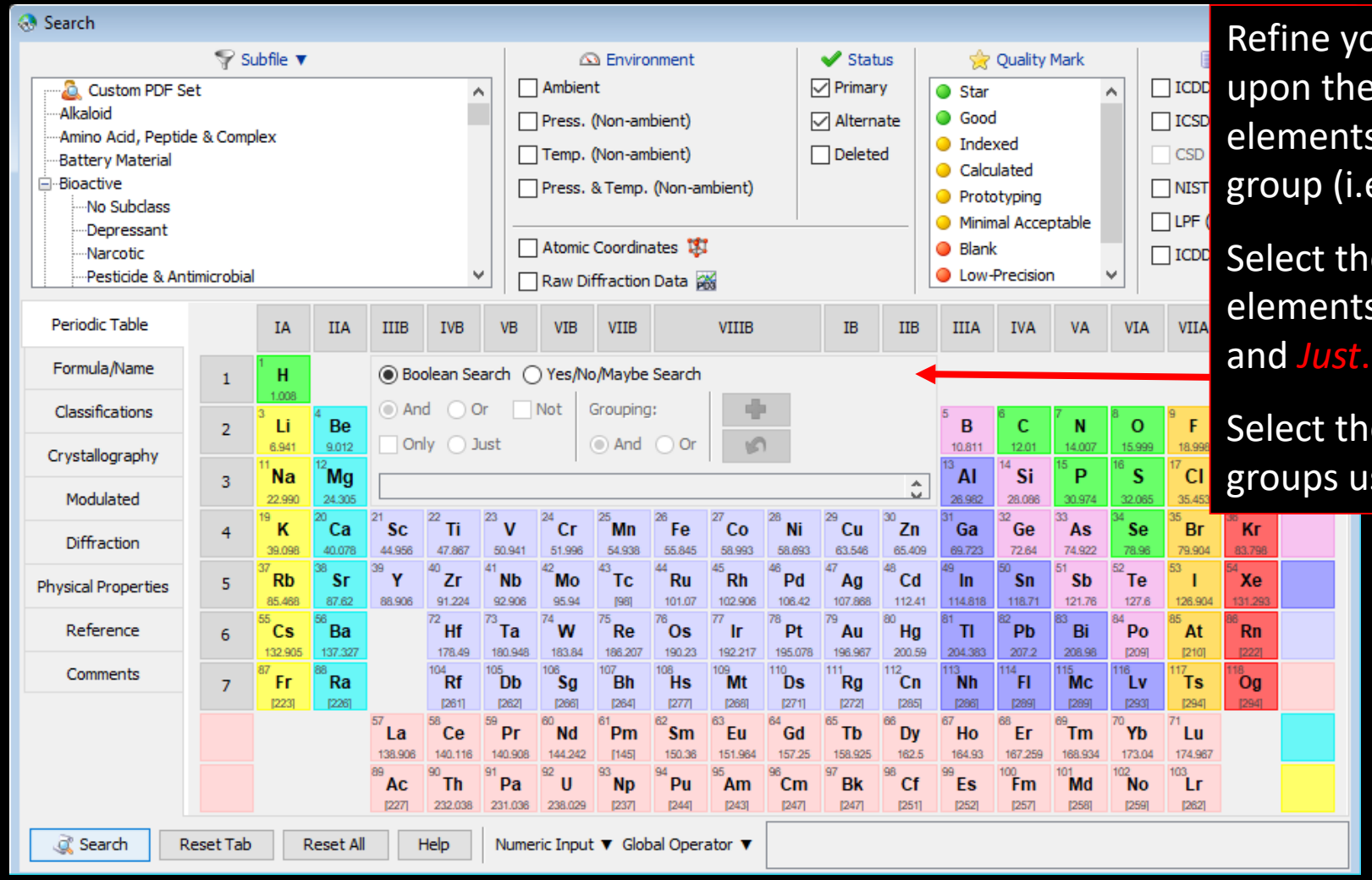
Status – select filters based on the status of the pattern, which can be Active, Deleted, Alternate, Rejected or Primary.

Quality Mark (QM) – select filters related to the quality evaluation assigned to the data.

Database – search the entire database or select the data entry source (i.e., ICDD (00) – ICDD's experimental patterns).

Search Window

Periodic Table Filters



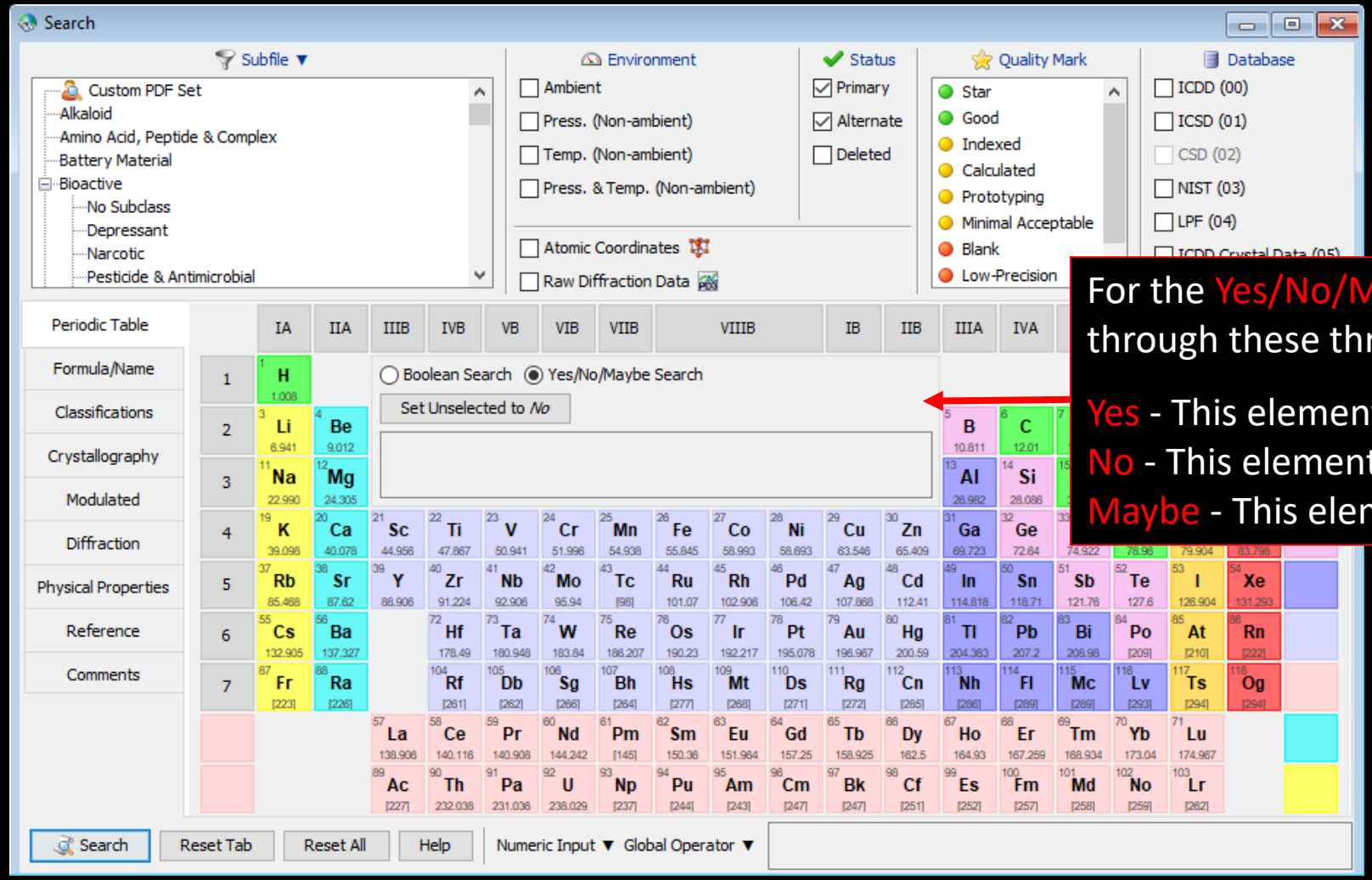
Refine your search by selecting filters based upon the elements in a material. Select elements individually (i.e., *H, He, Li*, etc.) or by group (i.e., *IA, Noble Gases, Period 1*, etc.).

Select the *Inner Operator* to combine the elements in the group using *Not, And, Or, Only* and *Just*.

Select the *Outer Operator* to combine element groups using *And* & *Or*.

Search Window

Periodic Table Filters

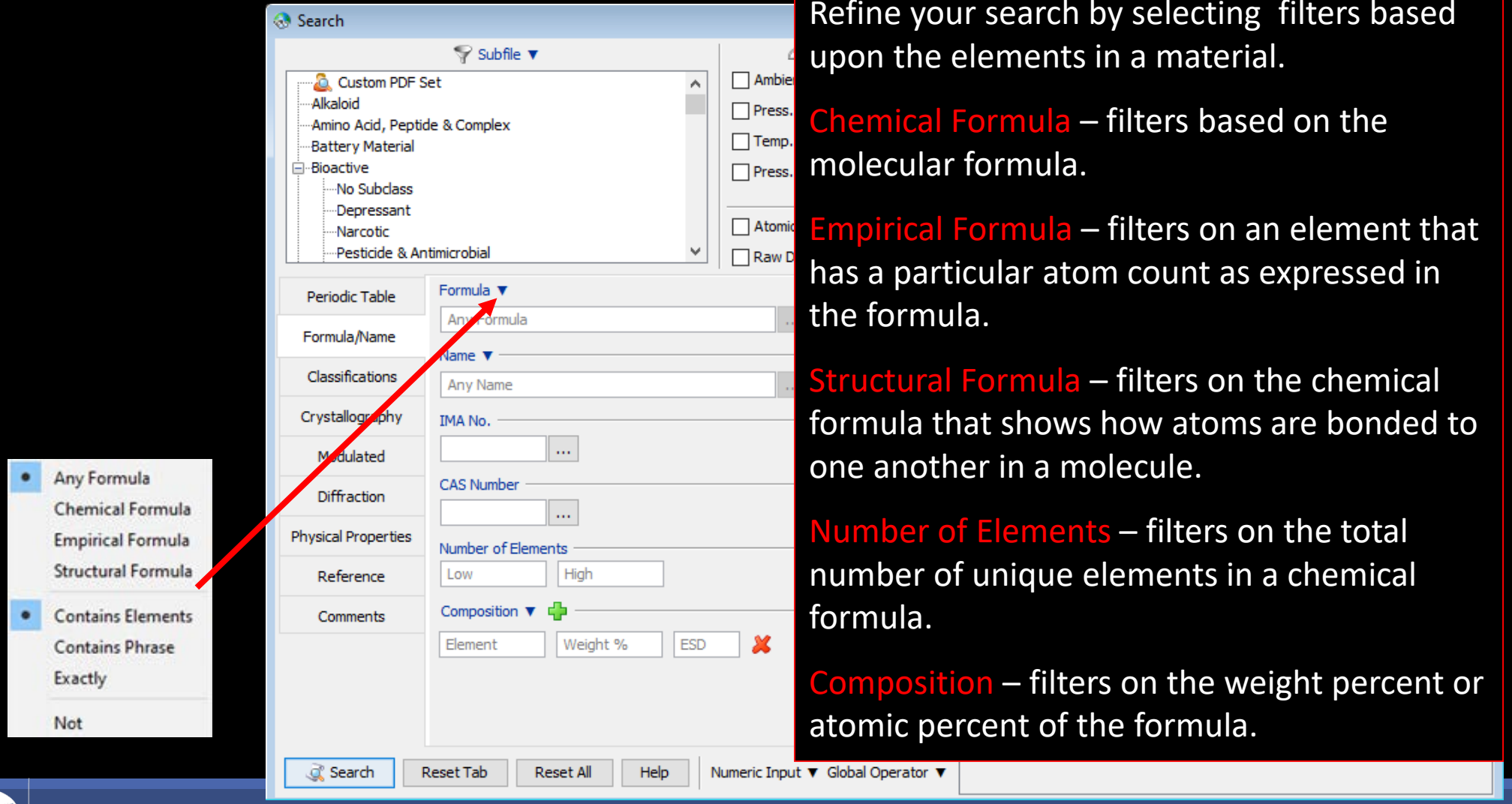


For the Yes/No/Maybe search, click an element to cycle through these three states:

Yes - This element must exist in the pattern (white)
No - This element must not exist in the pattern (black)
Maybe - This element may exist in the pattern (colored)

Search Window

Formula/Name



Refine your search by selecting filters based upon the elements in a material.

Chemical Formula – filters based on the molecular formula.

Empirical Formula – filters on an element that has a particular atom count as expressed in the formula.

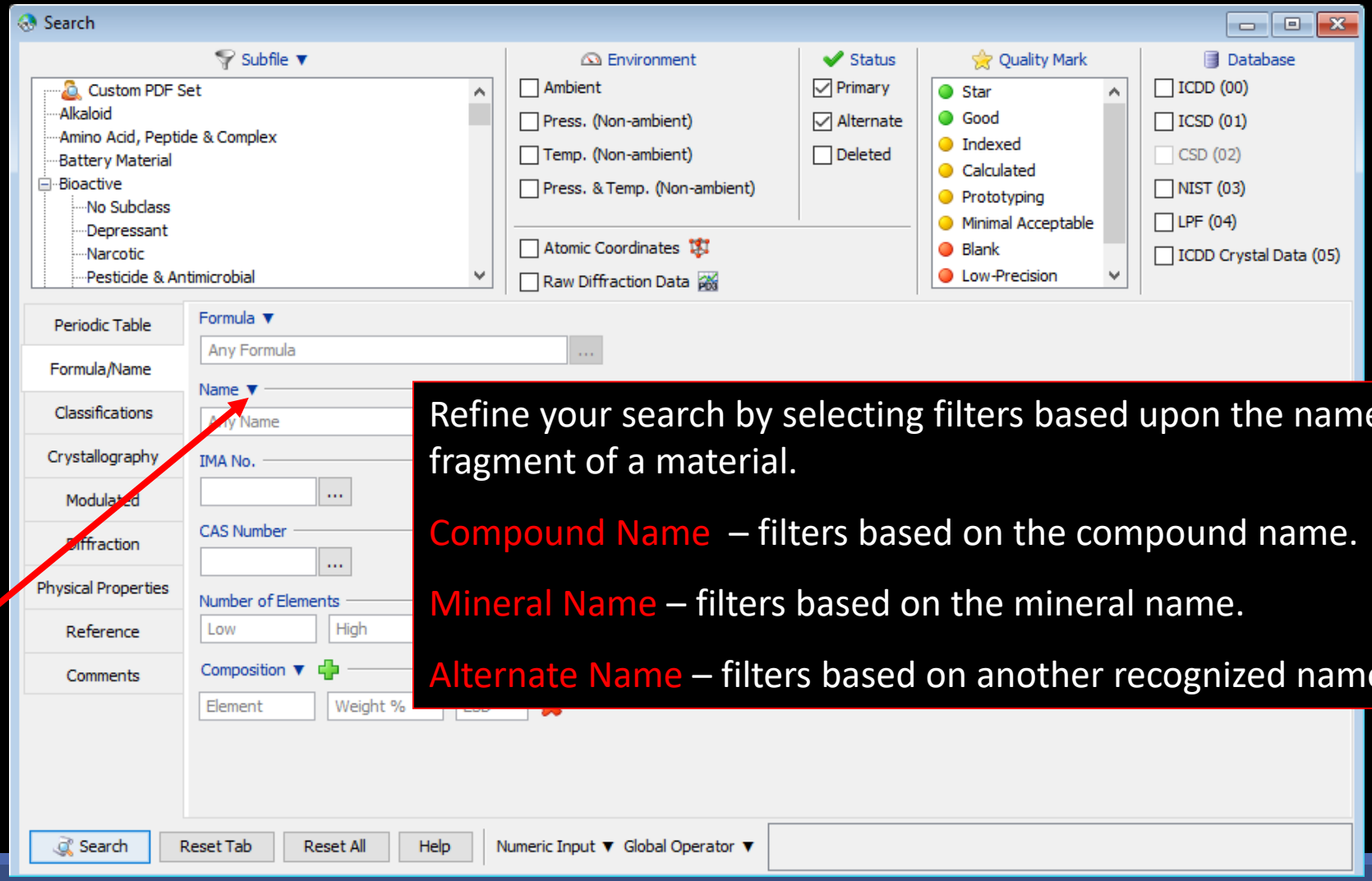
Structural Formula – filters on the chemical formula that shows how atoms are bonded to one another in a molecule.

Number of Elements – filters on the total number of unique elements in a chemical formula.

Composition – filters on the weight percent or atomic percent of the formula.

Search Window

Formula/Name



- Any Name
- Compound Name
- Mineral Name
- Alternate Name

- Contains Fragments
- Contains Phrase
- Exactly

- Not

Refine your search by selecting filters based upon the name or name fragment of a material.

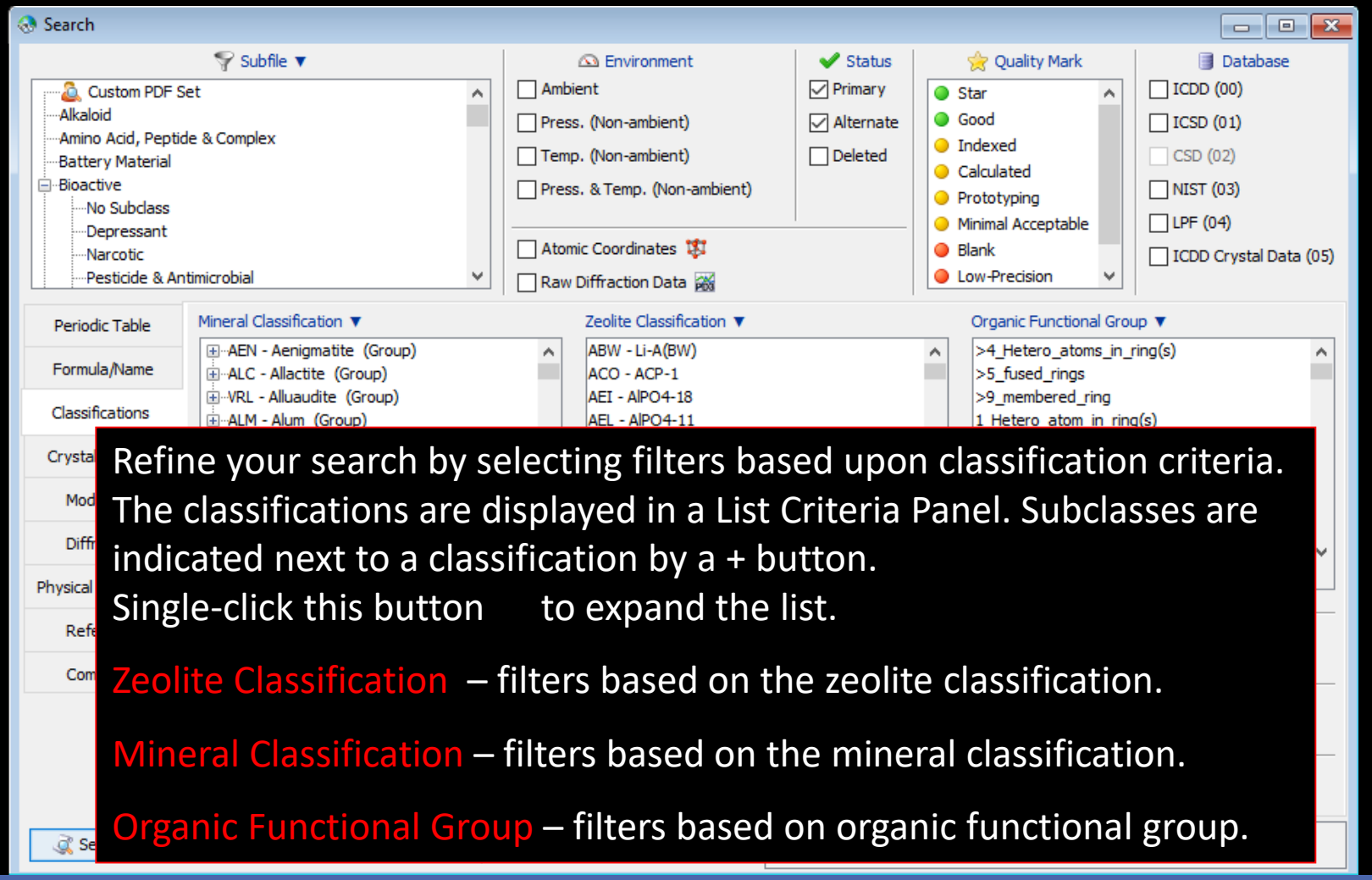
Compound Name – filters based on the compound name.

Mineral Name – filters based on the mineral name.

Alternate Name – filters based on another recognized name of the material.

Search Window

Classifications



Refine your search by selecting filters based upon classification criteria. The classifications are displayed in a List Criteria Panel. Subclasses are indicated next to a classification by a + button.
Single-click this button to expand the list.

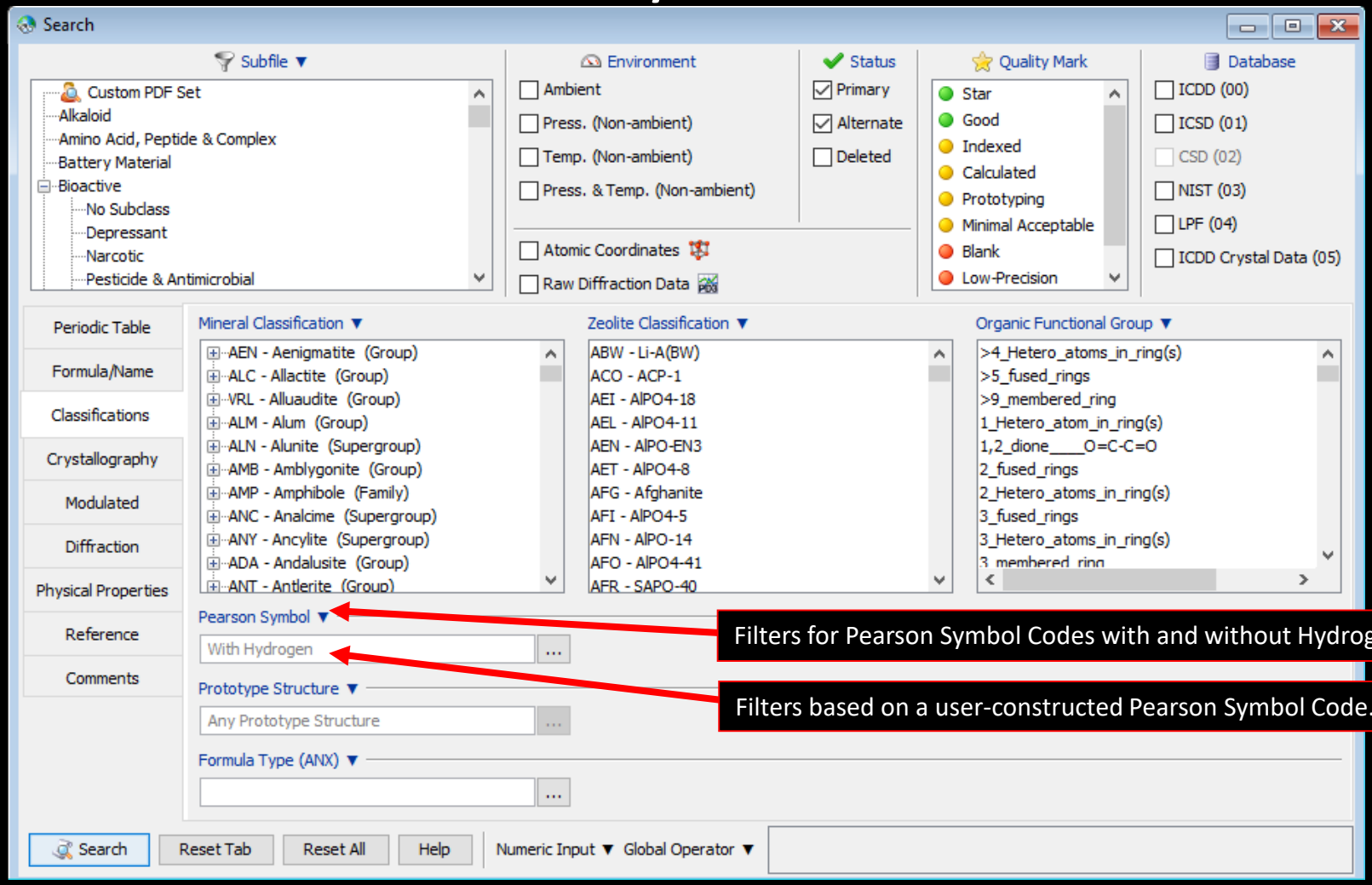
Zeolite Classification – filters based on the zeolite classification.

Mineral Classification – filters based on the mineral classification.

Organic Functional Group – filters based on organic functional group.

Search Window

Pearson Symbol Code

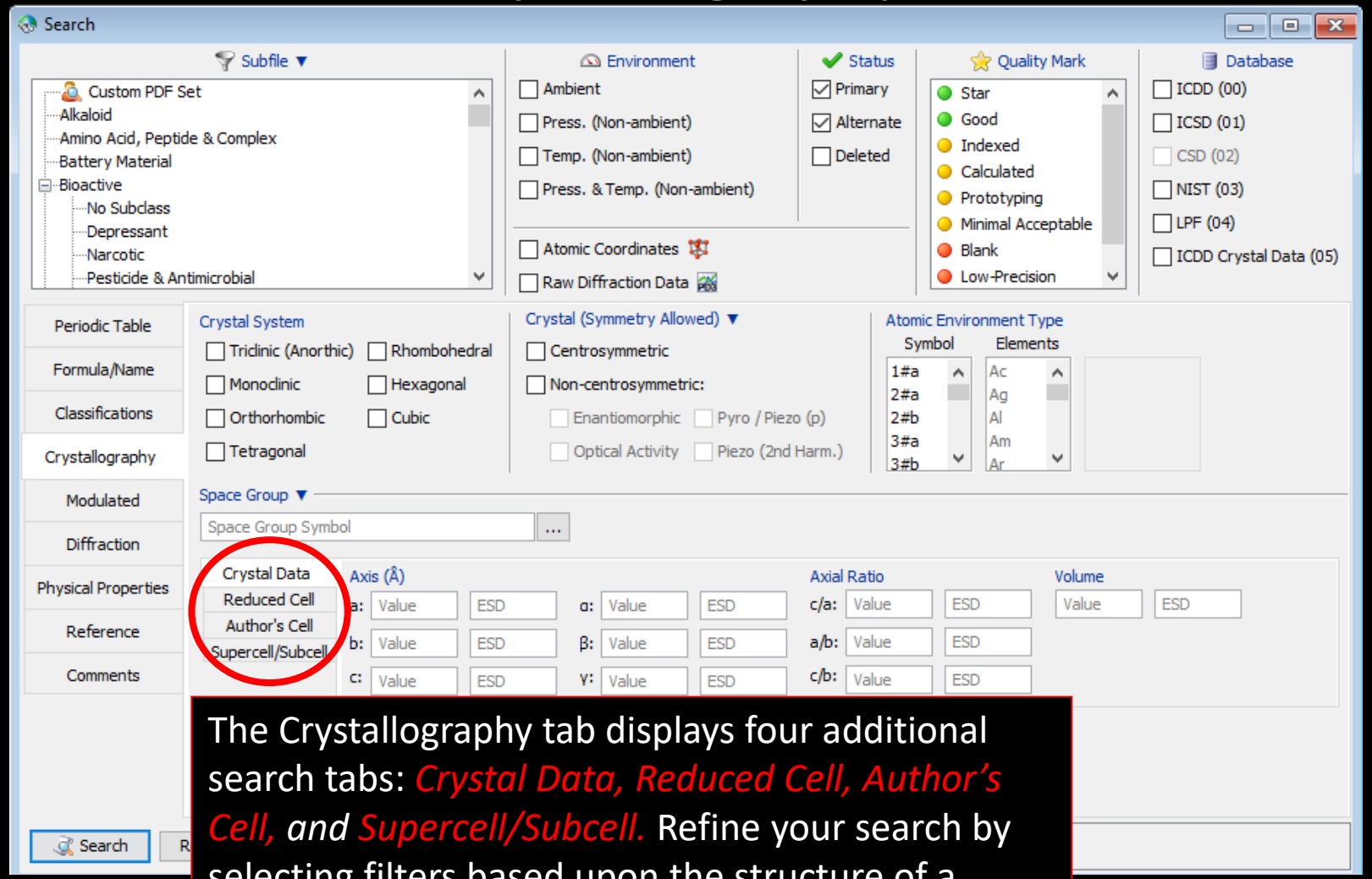


Filters for Pearson Symbol Codes with and without Hydrogen.

Filters based on a user-constructed Pearson Symbol Code.

Search Window

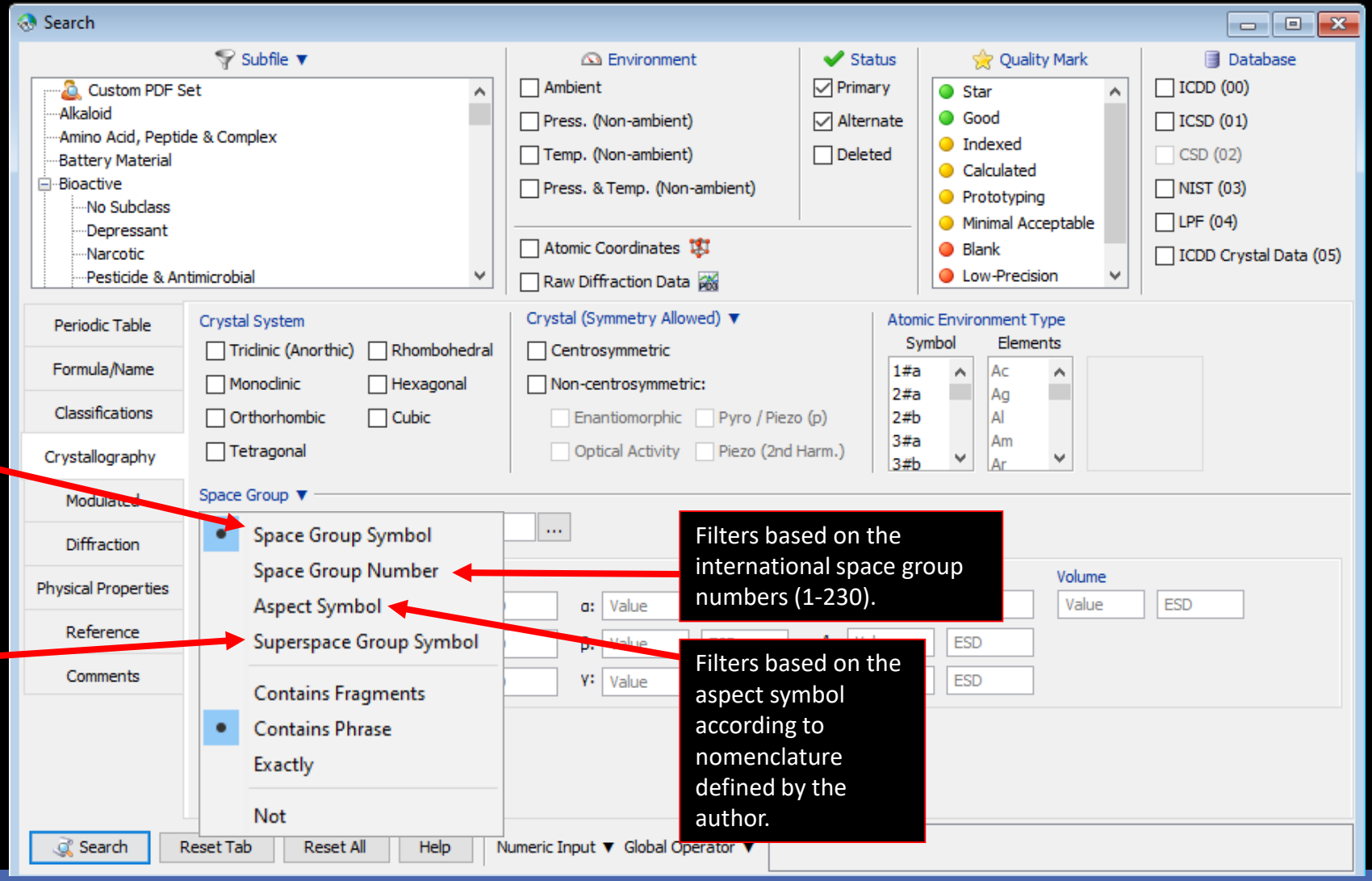
Crystallography



The Crystallography tab displays four additional search tabs: *Crystal Data, Reduced Cell, Author's Cell, and Supercell/Subcell.* Refine your search by selecting filters based upon the structure of a material.

Search Window

Crystal Data



Filters based on the space group symbol according to nomenclature defined by the author.

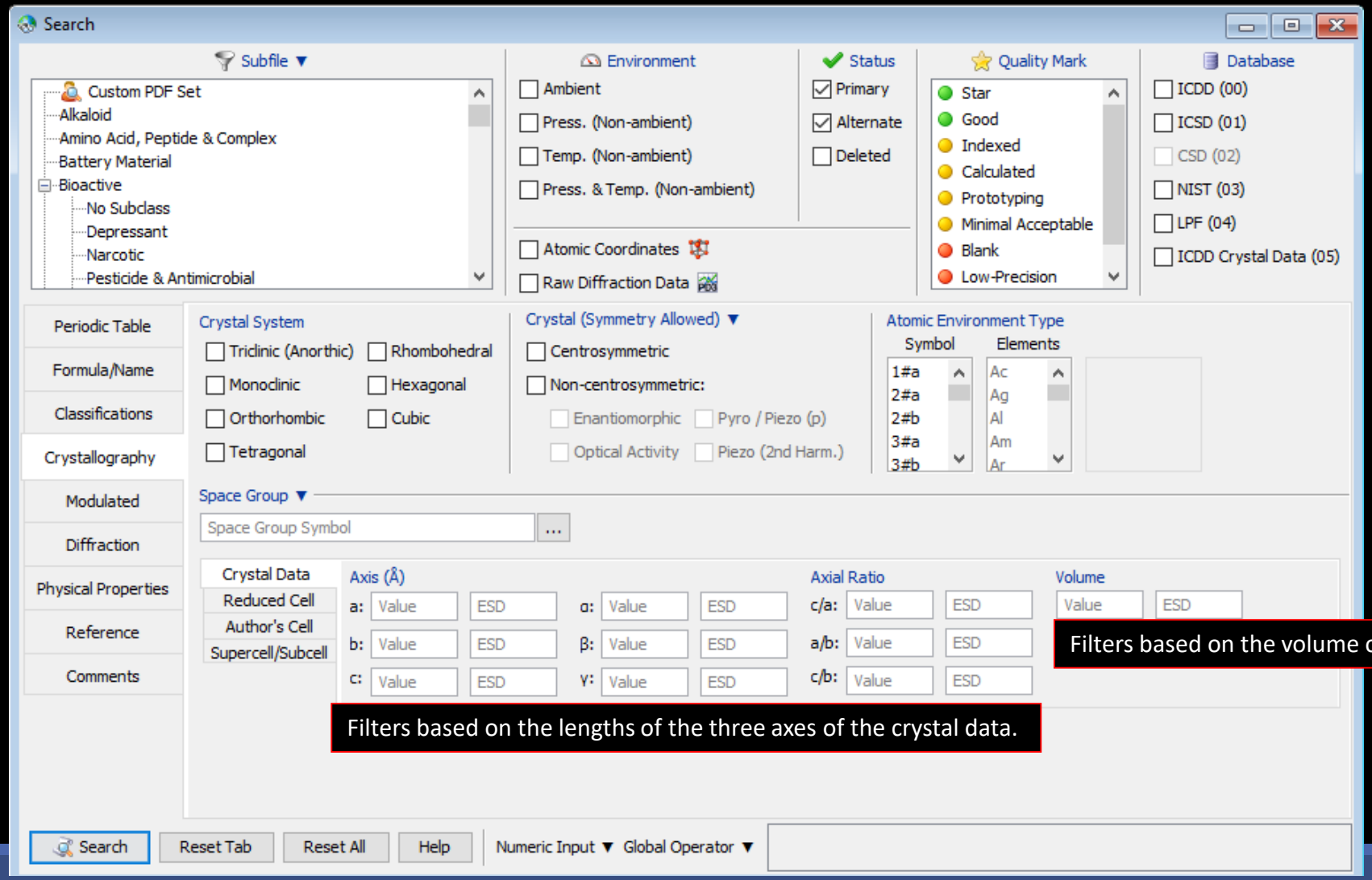
Filters based on the superspace group symbol (for modulated structures only).

Filters based on the international space group numbers (1-230).

Filters based on the aspect symbol according to nomenclature defined by the author.

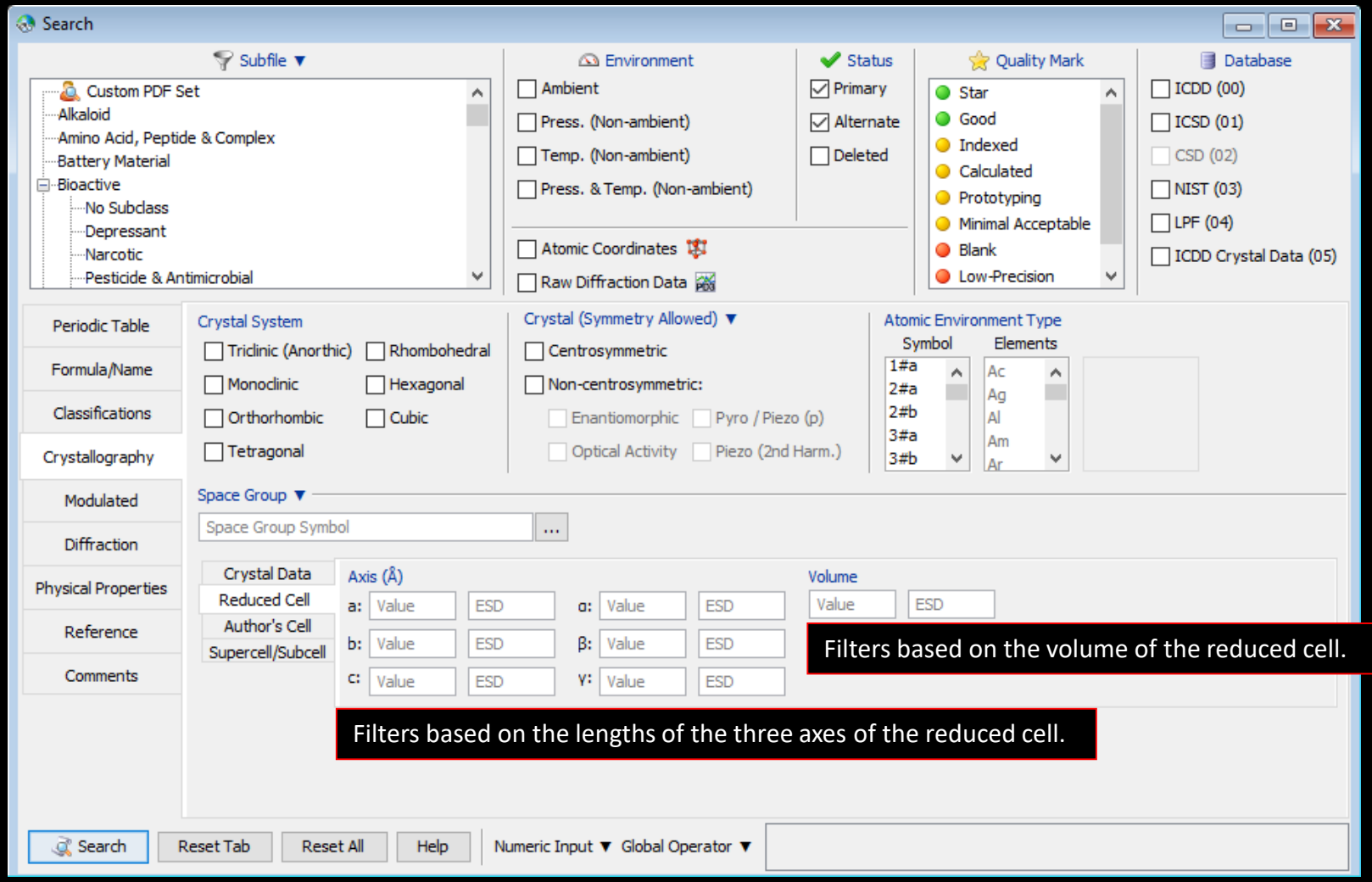
Search Window

Crystal Data



Search Window

Reduced Cell



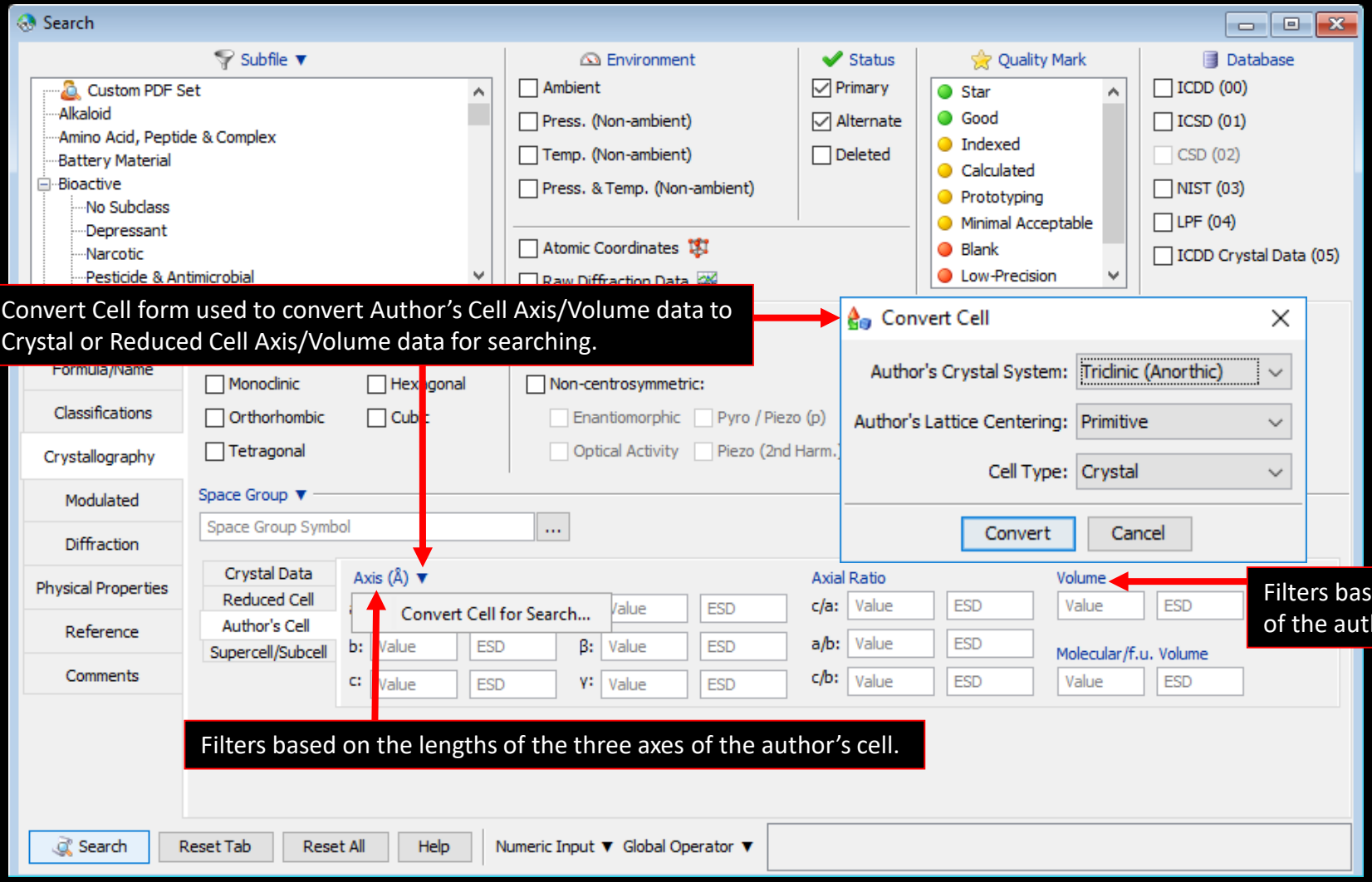
The reduced cell is a unique, primitive cell based on the three shortest lattice translations.

Filters based on the volume of the reduced cell.

Filters based on the lengths of the three axes of the reduced cell.

Search Window

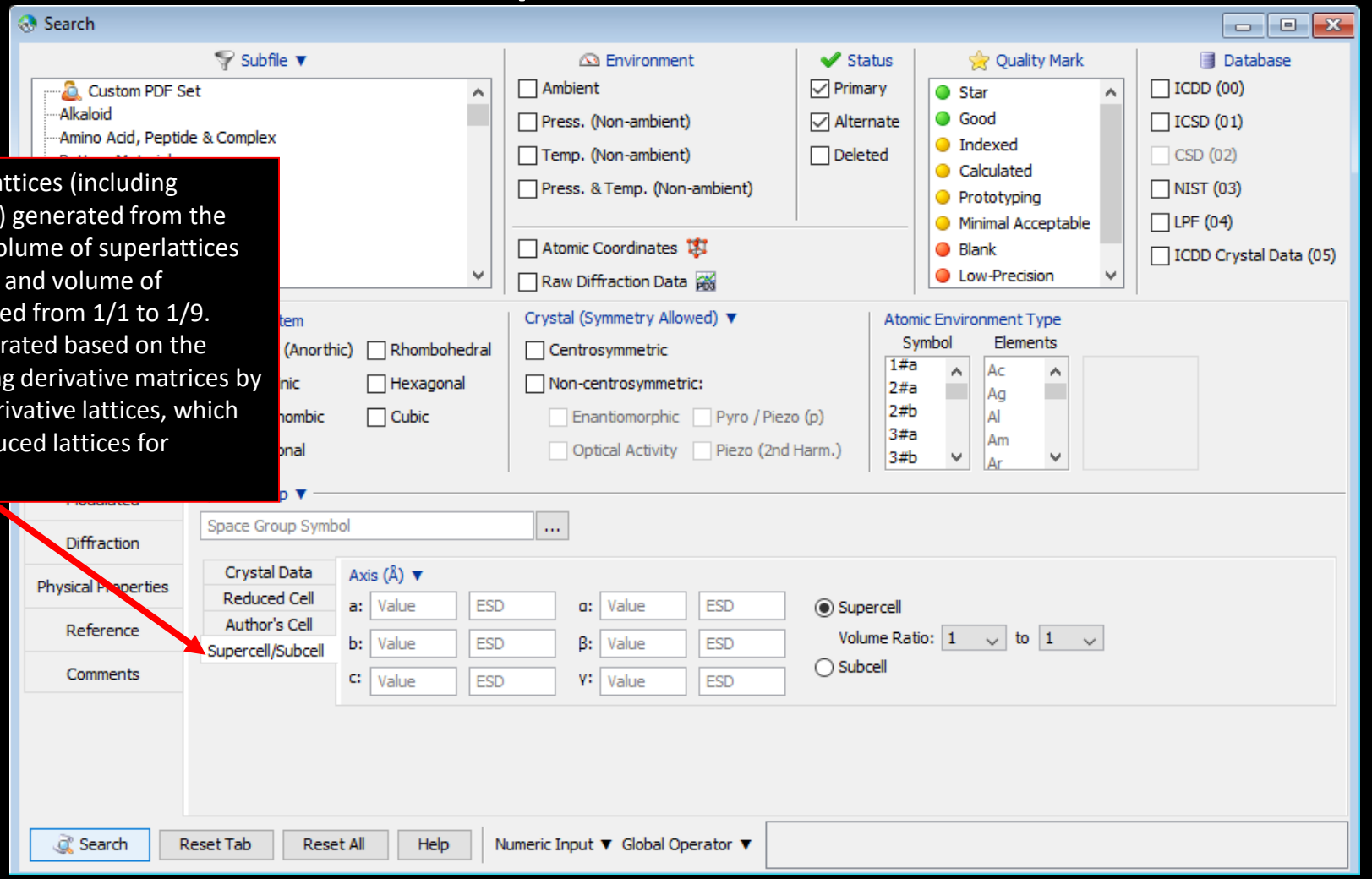
Author's Cell



Search Window

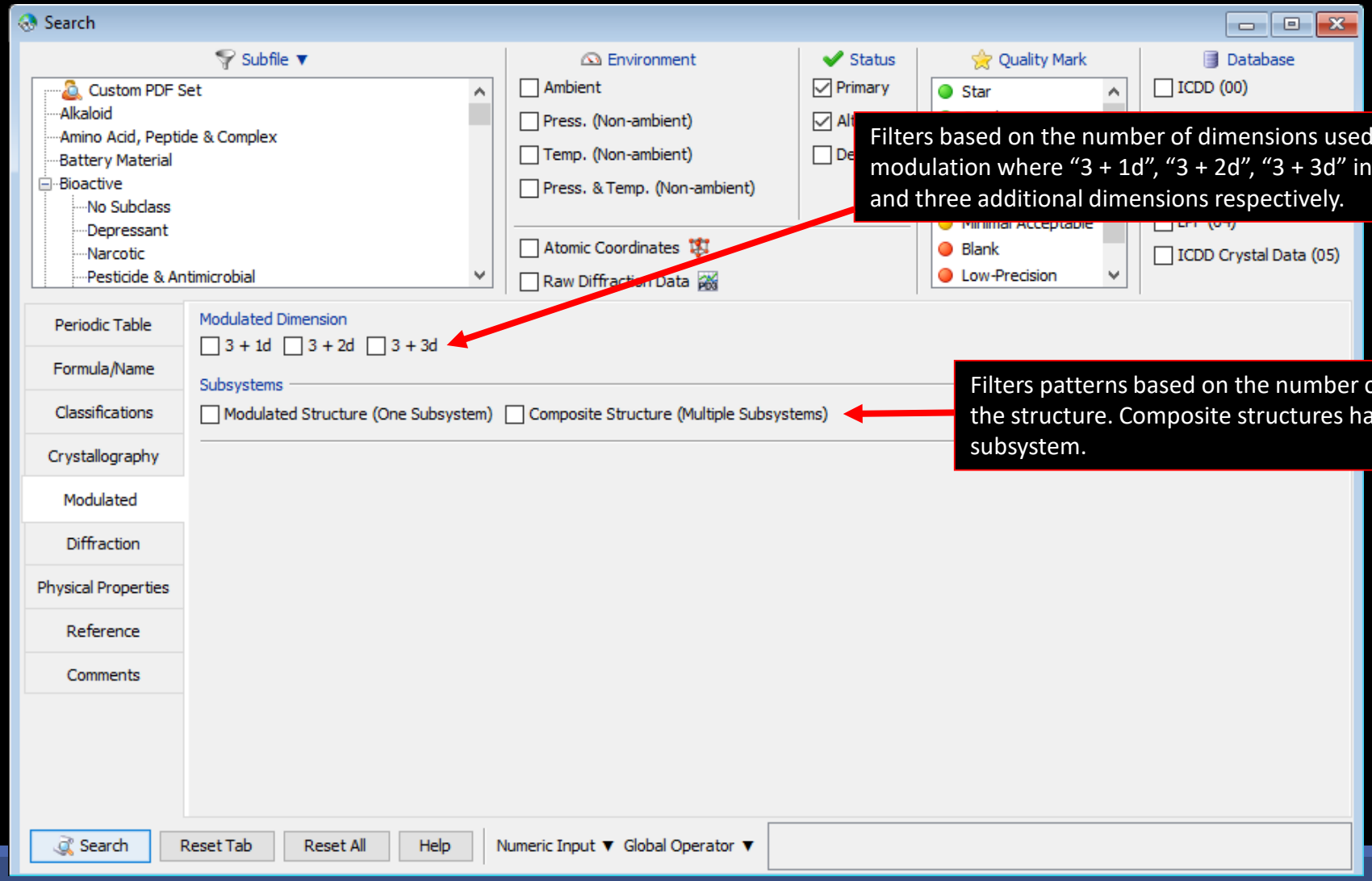
Supercell/Subcell

This search uses derivative lattices (including superlattices and sublattices) generated from the given primary lattices. The volume of superlattices |Q| can be between 1 and 9 and volume of sublattices |X| can be changed from 1/1 to 1/9. Derivative matrices are generated based on the selected volumes. Multiplying derivative matrices by the primary lattices gives derivative lattices, which are then transformed to reduced lattices for searching.



Search Window

Modulated

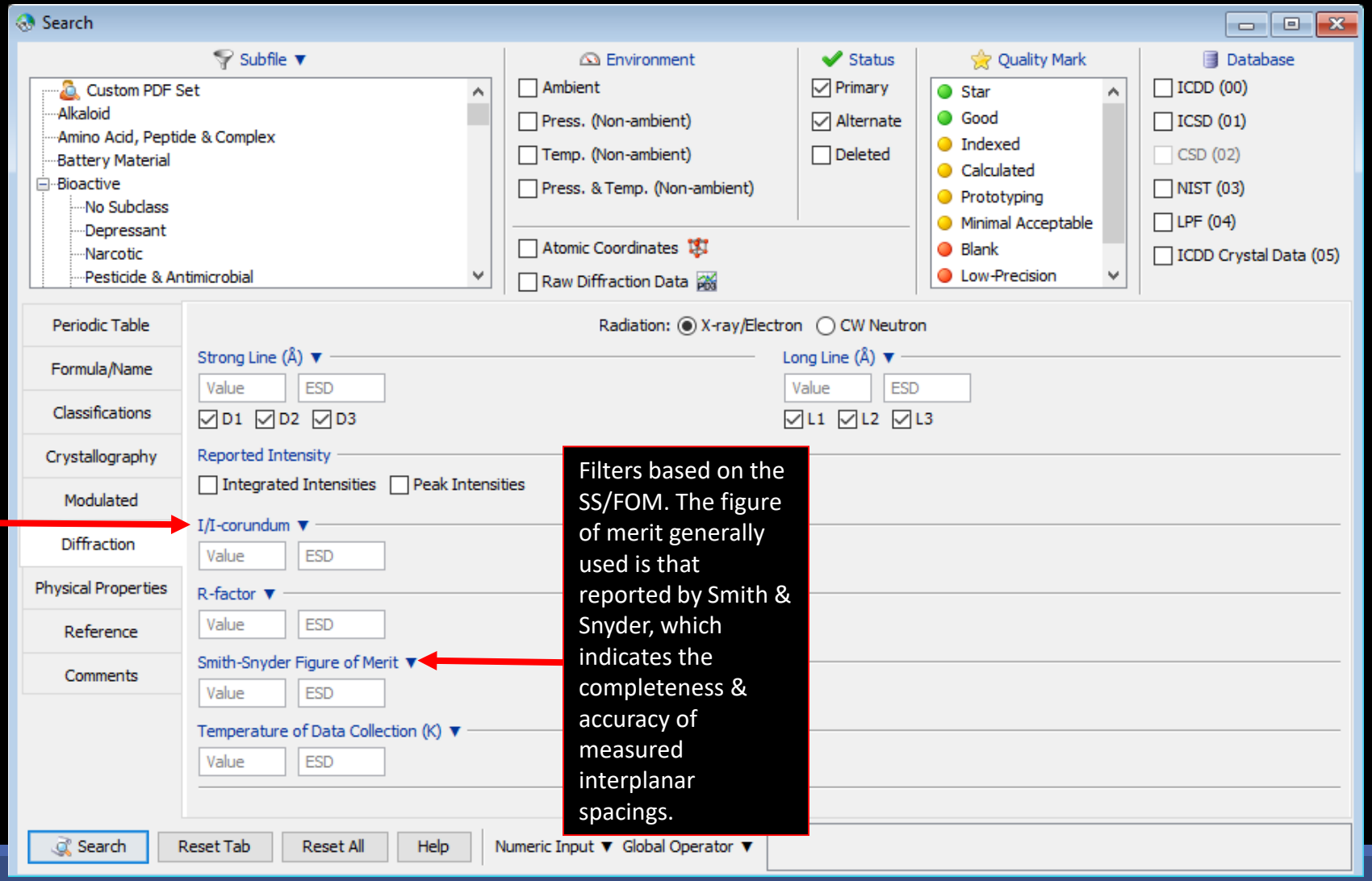


Filters based on the number of dimensions used to describe the modulation where “3 + 1d”, “3 + 2d”, “3 + 3d” indicate one, two, and three additional dimensions respectively.

Filters patterns based on the number of subsystems present in the structure. Composite structures have more than one subsystem.

Search Window

Diffraction

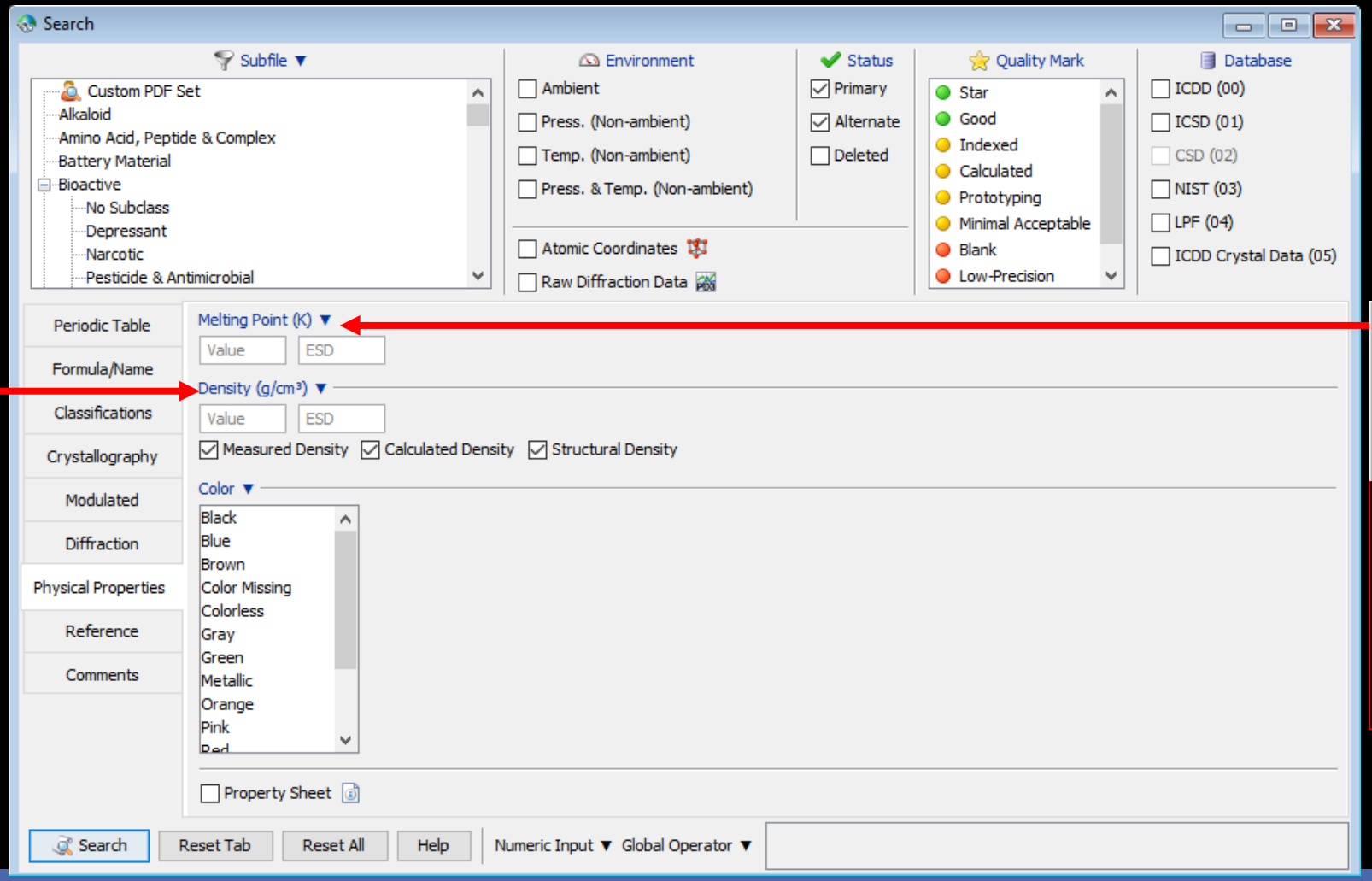


Filters based on the ratio of the intensity of the strongest line of the pattern to the intensity of the strongest line of corundum in a 50/50 weight mixture.

Filters based on the SS/FOM. The figure of merit generally used is that reported by Smith & Snyder, which indicates the completeness & accuracy of measured interplanar spacings.

Search Window

Physical Properties

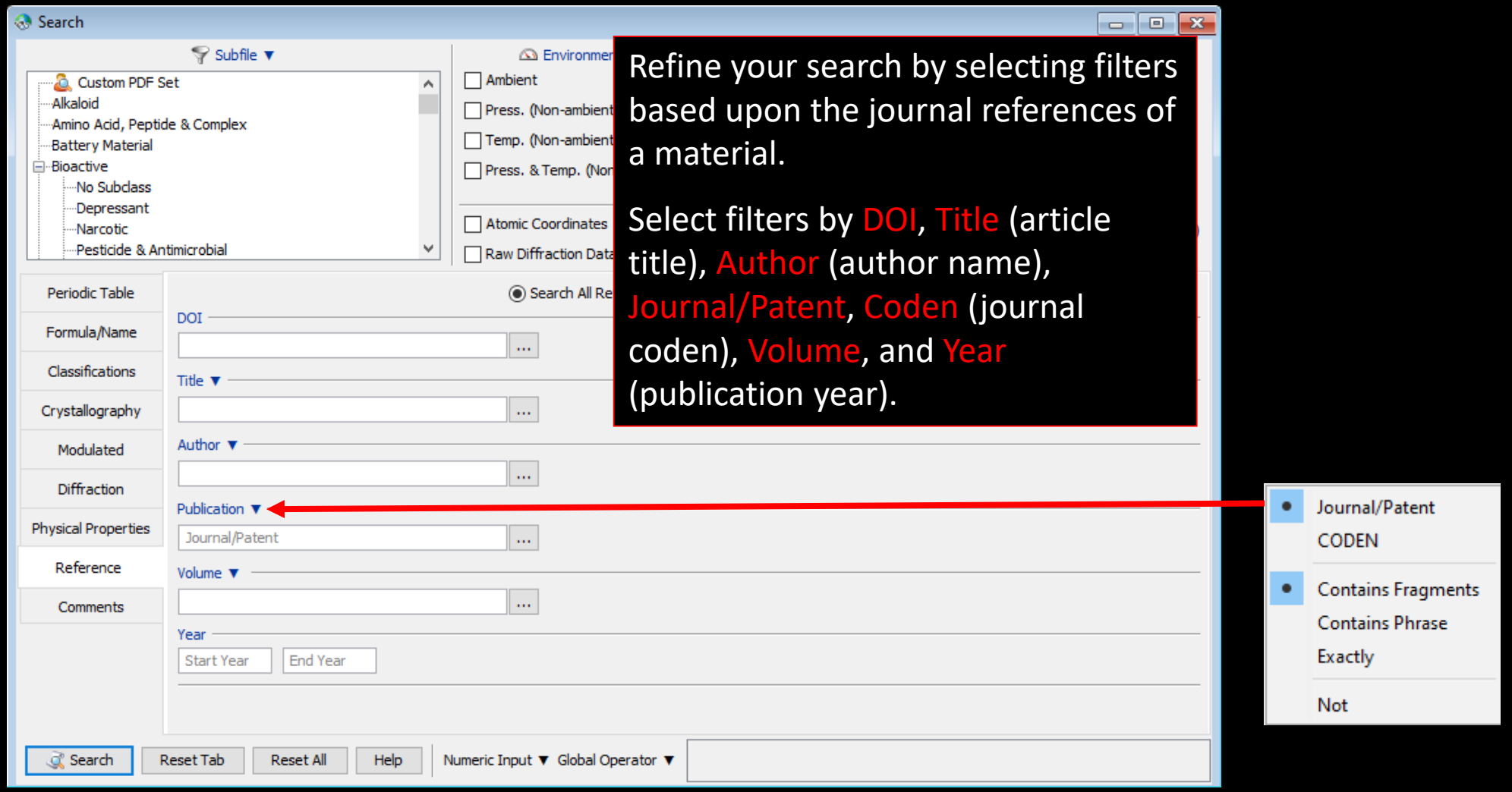


Filters based on the measured, calculated or structural density of the material.

Filters based on the melting point. Specify degrees Celsius, Kelvin or Fahrenheit by selecting from the drop down menu.

Search Window

References

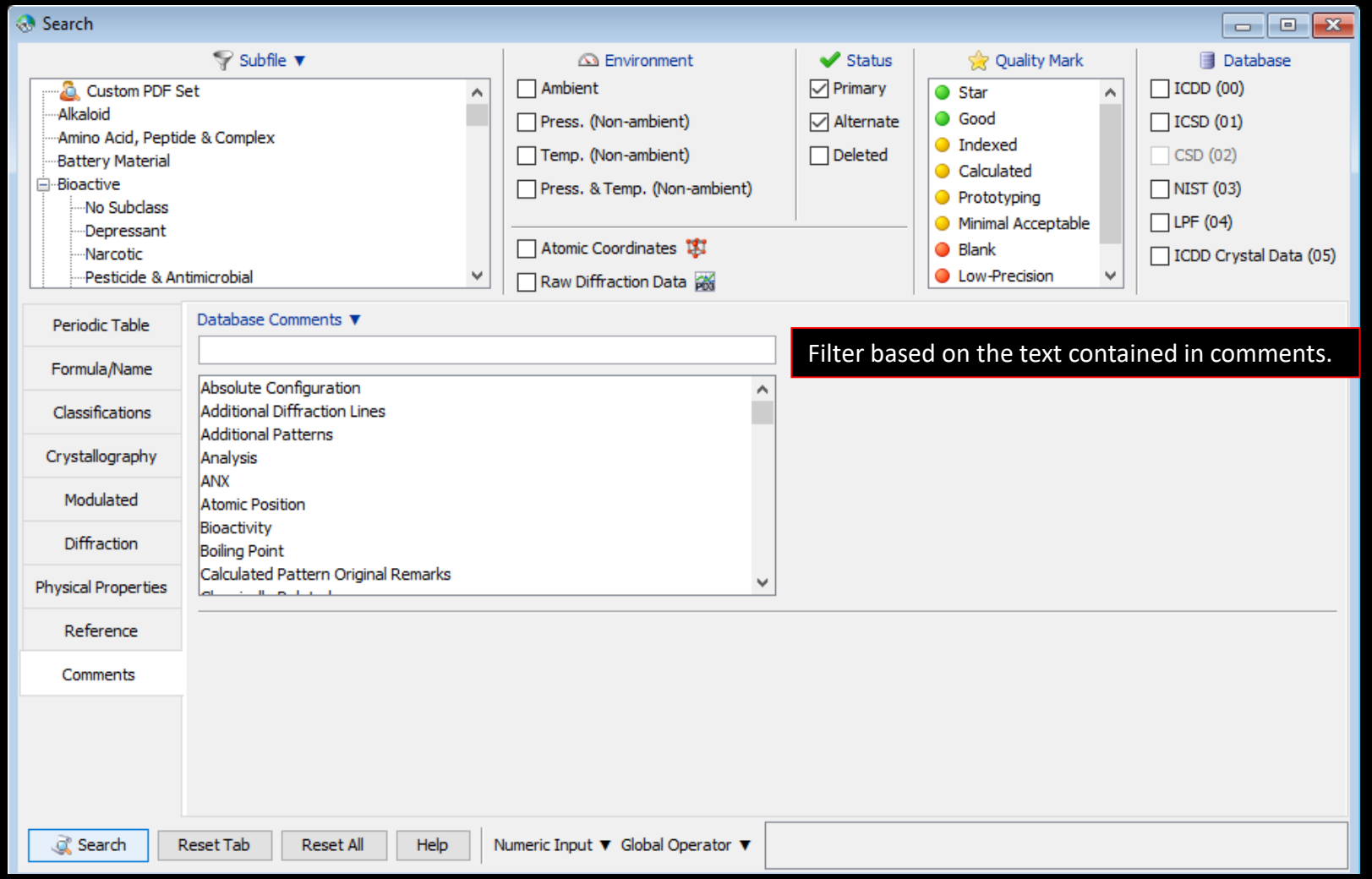


Refine your search by selecting filters based upon the journal references of a material.

Select filters by DOI, Title (article title), Author (author name), Journal/Patent, Coden (journal coden), Volume, and Year (publication year).

Search Window

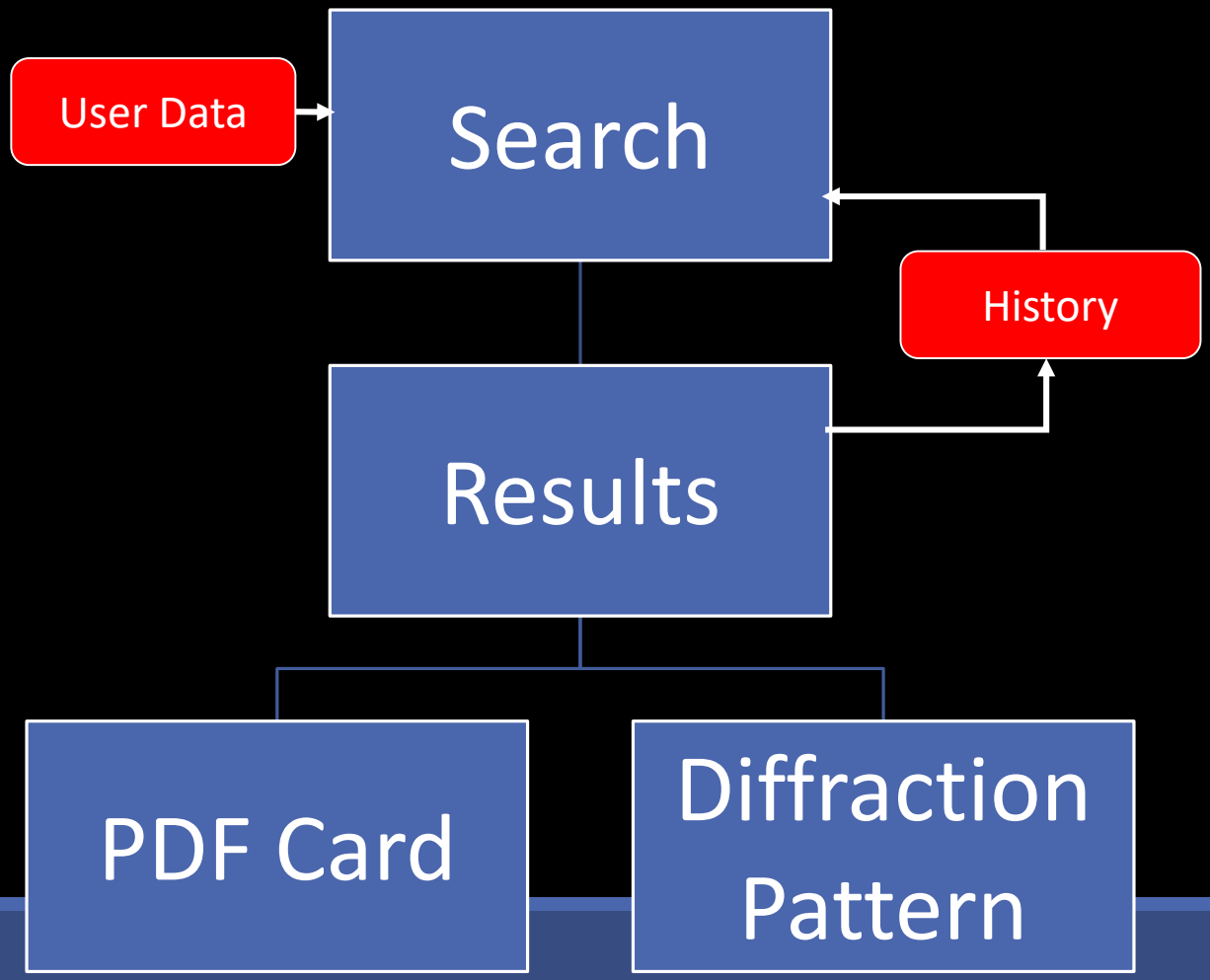
Comments



Data Mining Basics

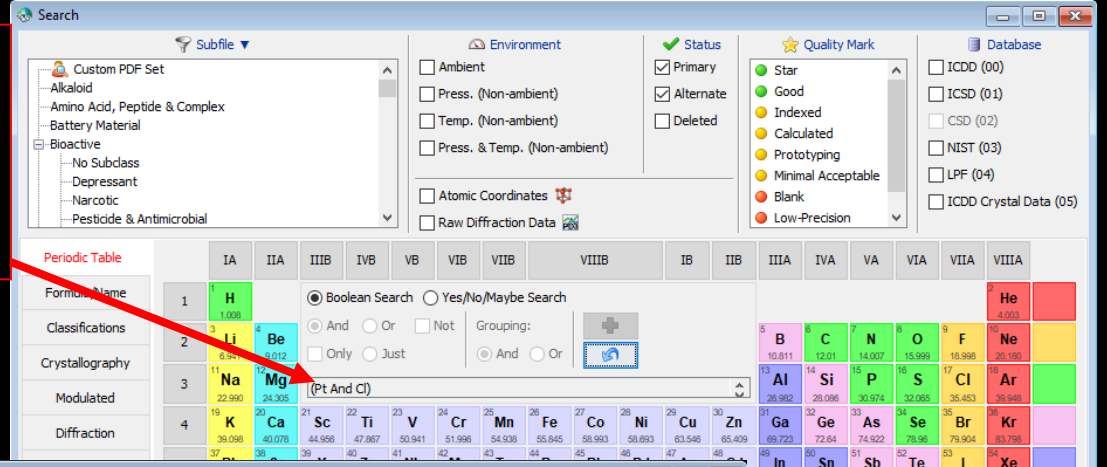
- Select your filter criteria
- Make use of logical Boolean operators, text and list boxes
- Search
- Review results
- Refine search with additional criteria

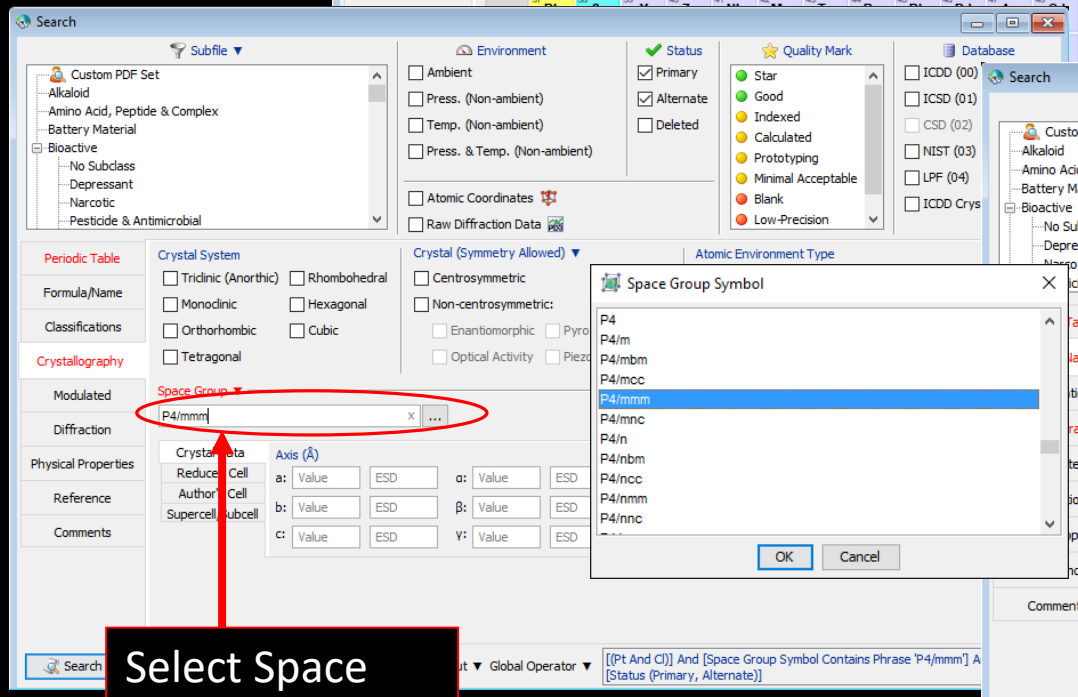
Note: Selected search criteria is highlighted in red to keep track of your selections.



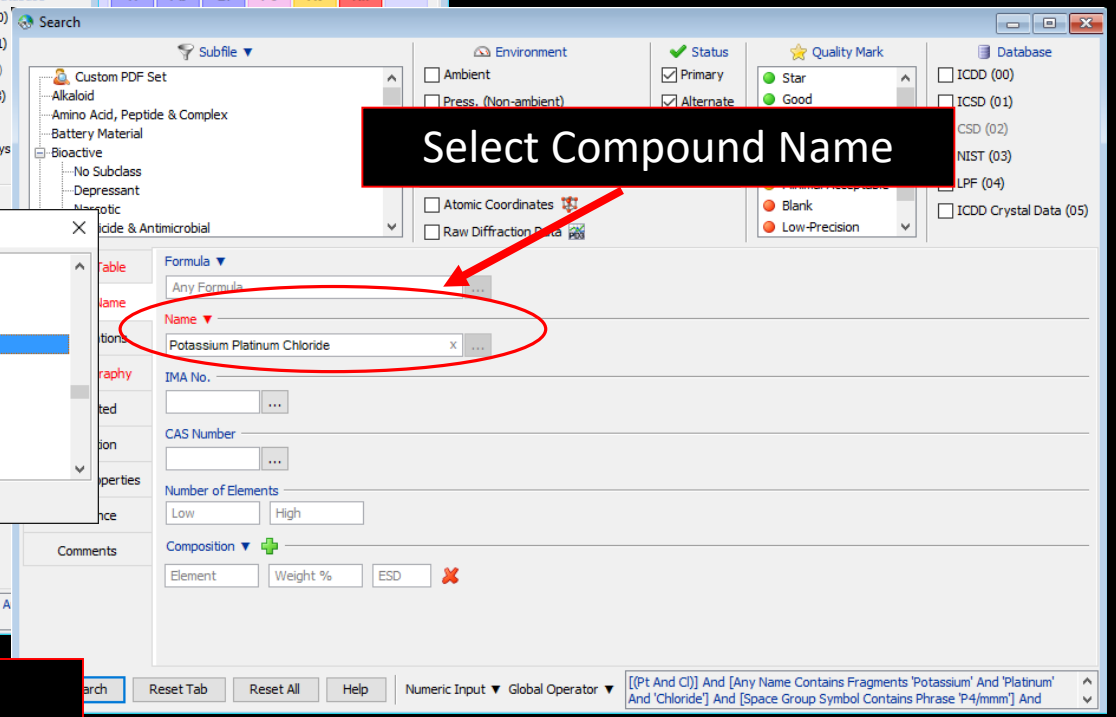
Search Example

Select Elements in Periodic Table





Select Space Group

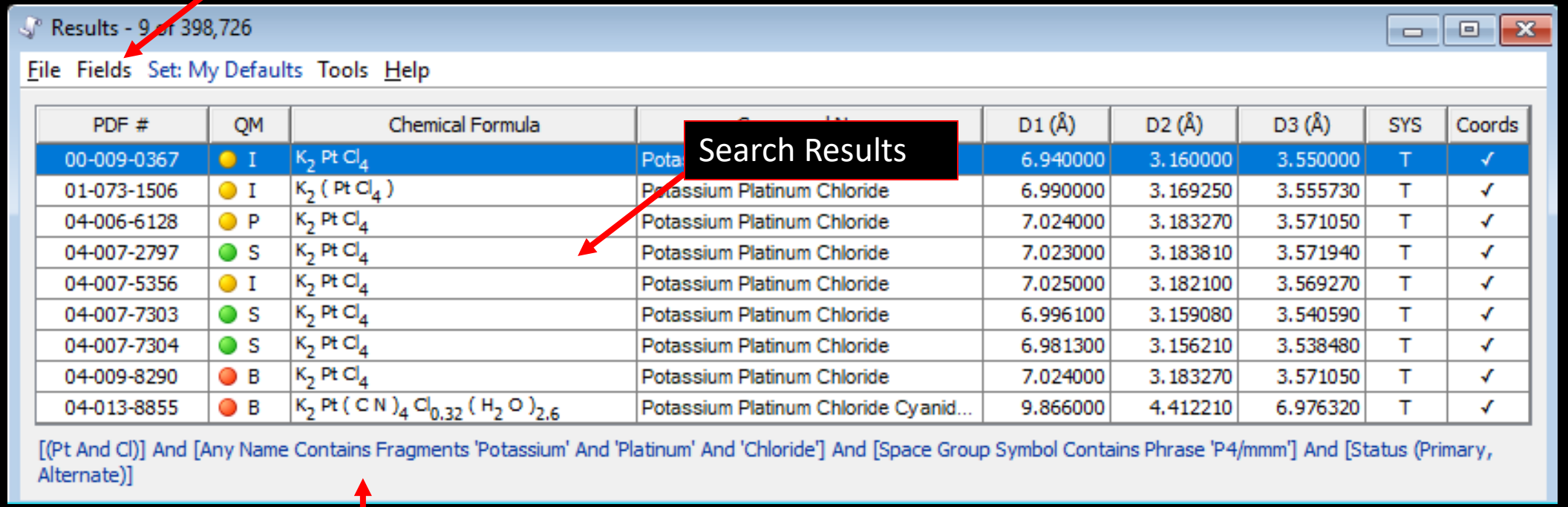


Select Compound Name

Selected filters highlighted in red

Search Results

Choose fields to be displayed in results



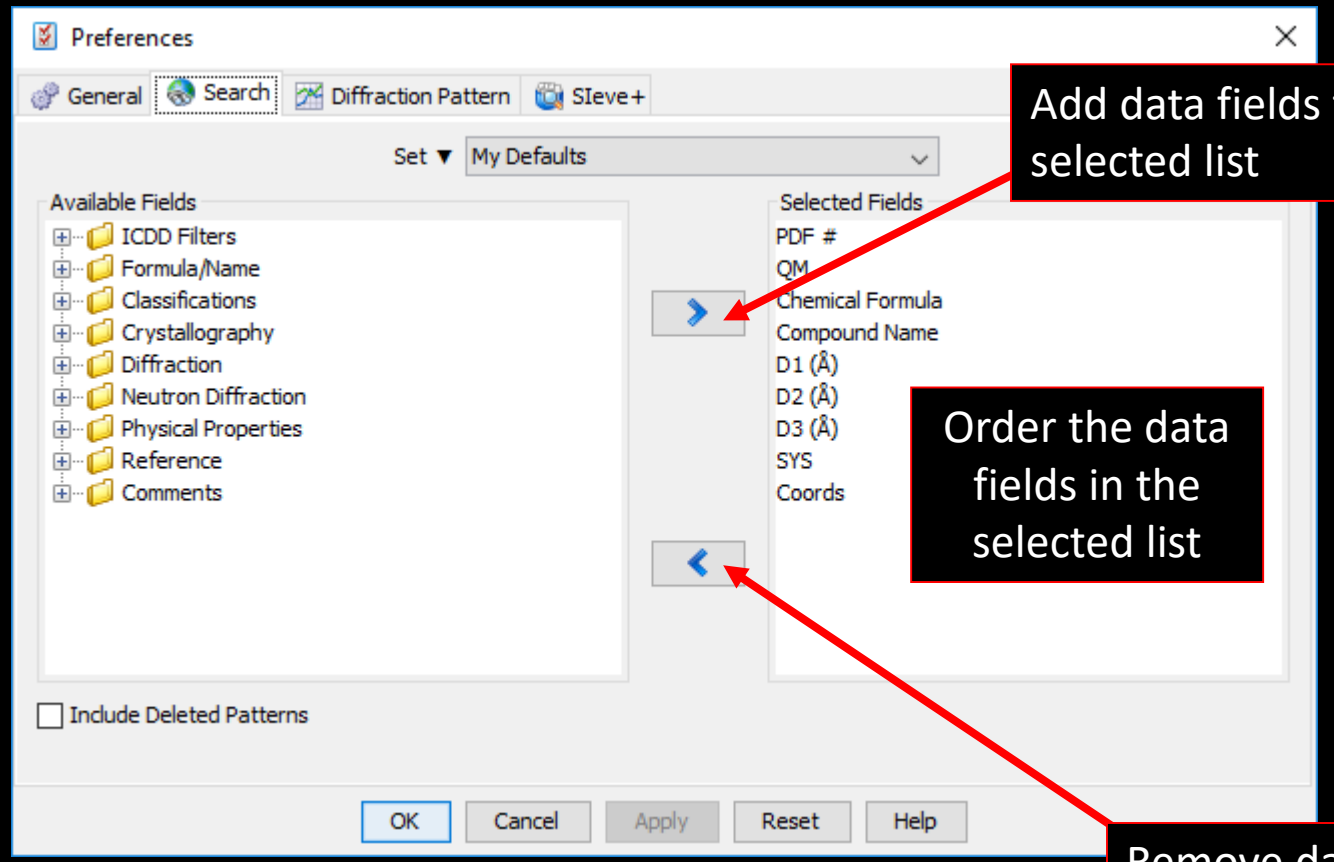
PDF #	QM	Chemical Formula		D1 (Å)	D2 (Å)	D3 (Å)	SYS	Coords
00-009-0367	I	$K_2 Pt Cl_4$	Pota	6.940000	3.160000	3.550000	T	✓
01-073-1506	I	$K_2 (Pt Cl_4)$	Potassium Platinum Chloride	6.990000	3.169250	3.555730	T	✓
04-006-6128	P	$K_2 Pt Cl_4$	Potassium Platinum Chloride	7.024000	3.183270	3.571050	T	✓
04-007-2797	S	$K_2 Pt Cl_4$	Potassium Platinum Chloride	7.023000	3.183810	3.571940	T	✓
04-007-5356	I	$K_2 Pt Cl_4$	Potassium Platinum Chloride	7.025000	3.182100	3.569270	T	✓
04-007-7303	S	$K_2 Pt Cl_4$	Potassium Platinum Chloride	6.996100	3.159080	3.540590	T	✓
04-007-7304	S	$K_2 Pt Cl_4$	Potassium Platinum Chloride	6.981300	3.156210	3.538480	T	✓
04-009-8290	B	$K_2 Pt Cl_4$	Potassium Platinum Chloride	7.024000	3.183270	3.571050	T	✓
04-013-8855	B	$K_2 Pt (C N)_4 Cl_{0.32} (H_2 O)_{2.6}$	Potassium Platinum Chloride Cyanid...	9.866000	4.412210	6.976320	T	✓

Double-click on a PDF number to view the entire PDF Card

Preferences Module

Open the Preferences Module to select which data fields you would like to display in your results.

You can also select the order in which the data fields are displayed.



Add data fields to selected list

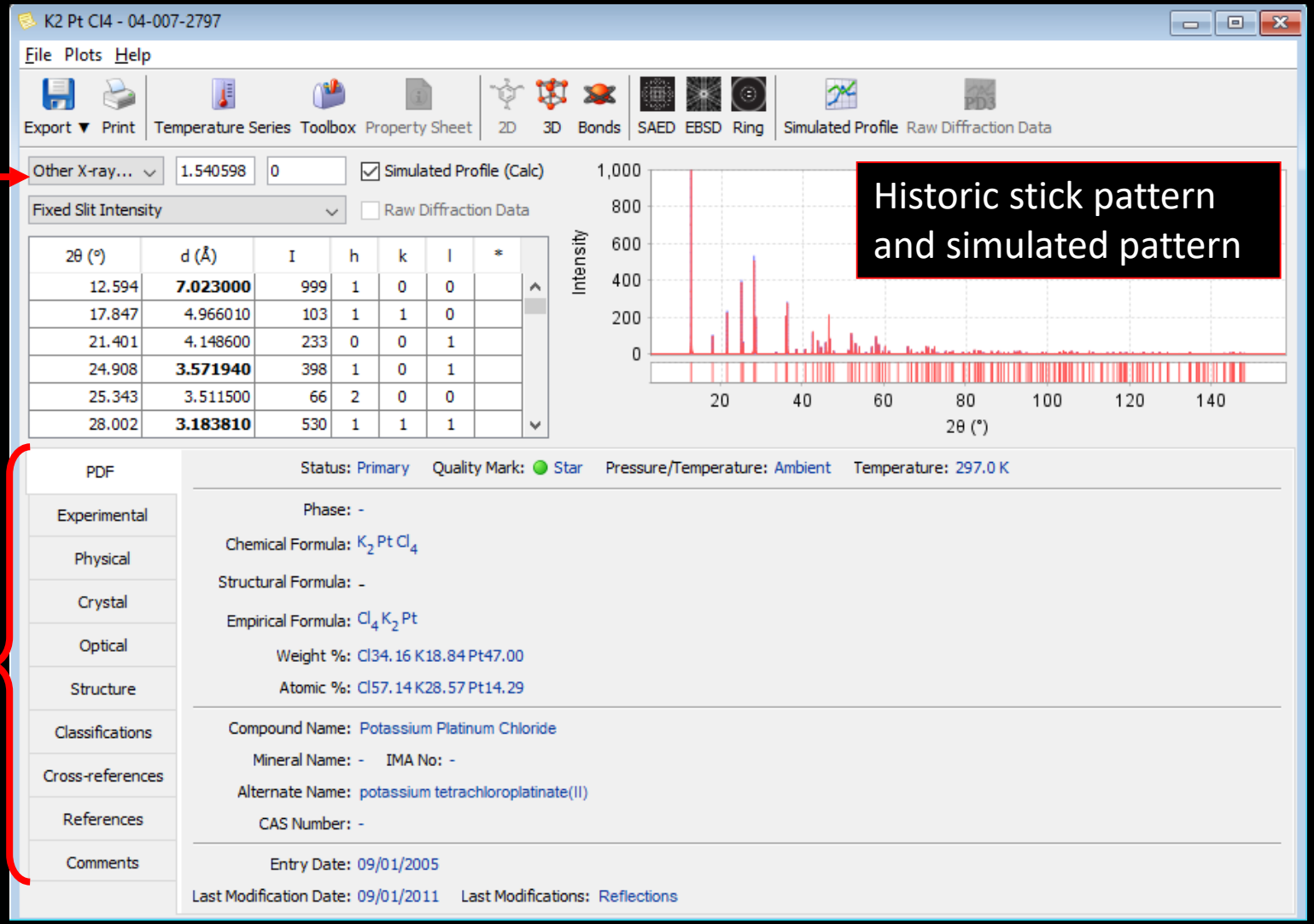
Order the data fields in the selected list

Remove data fields from the selected list

PDF Data Card

Choose equipment factors

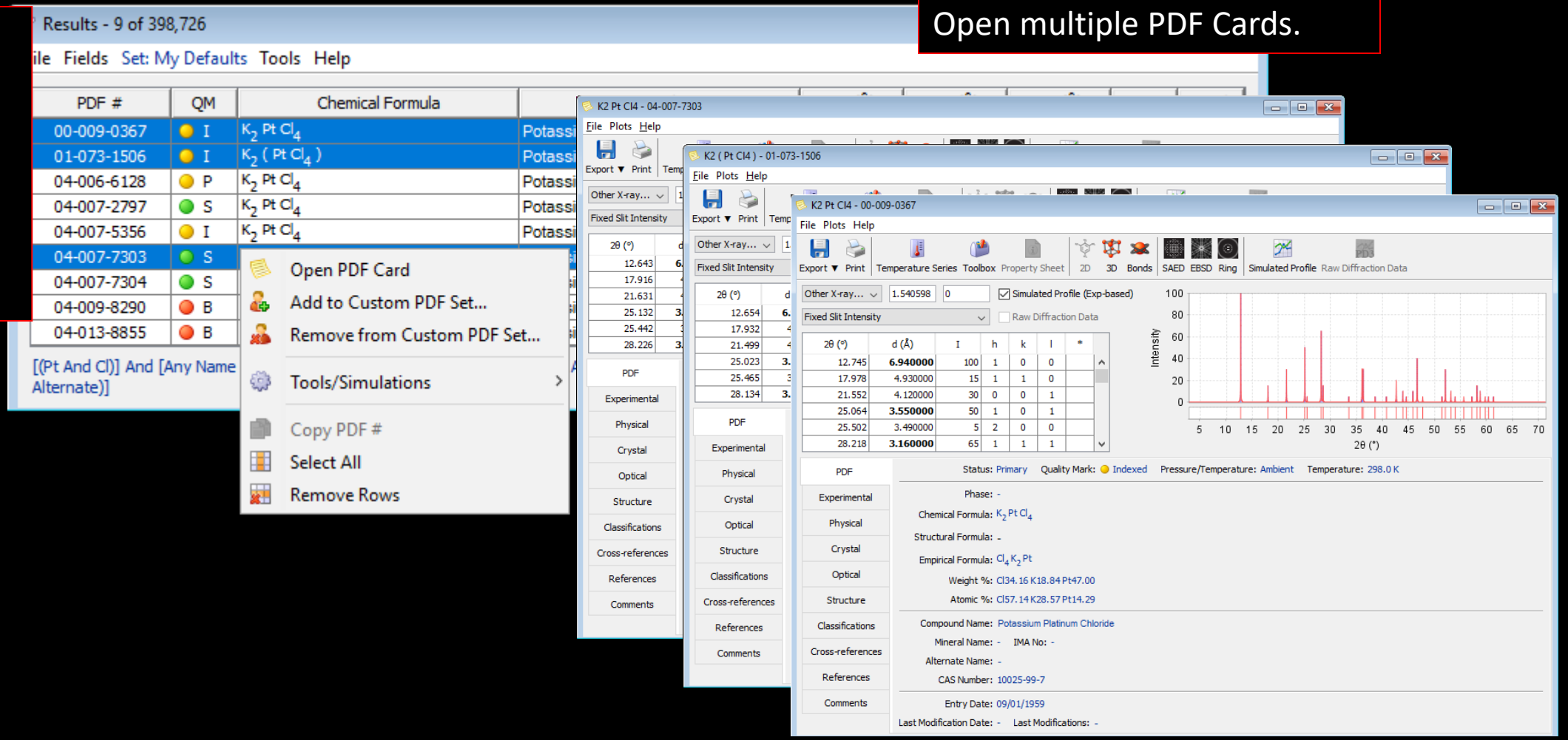
Tabular view of reported data



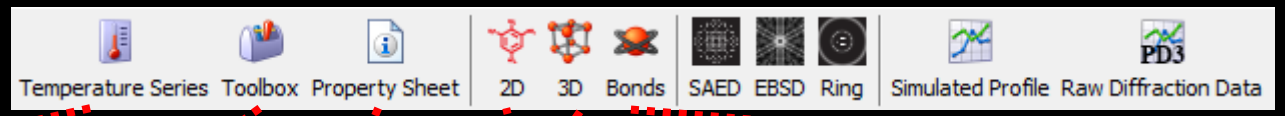
PDF Data Card

Hold the Ctrl key, then select PDF cards. Right click mouse, select Open PDF Card.

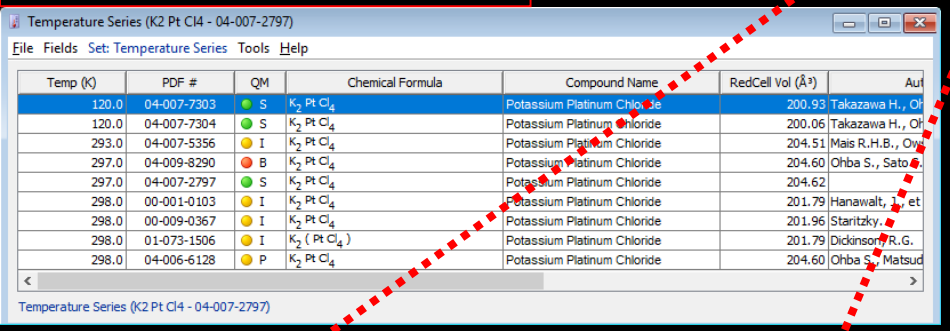
Open multiple PDF Cards.



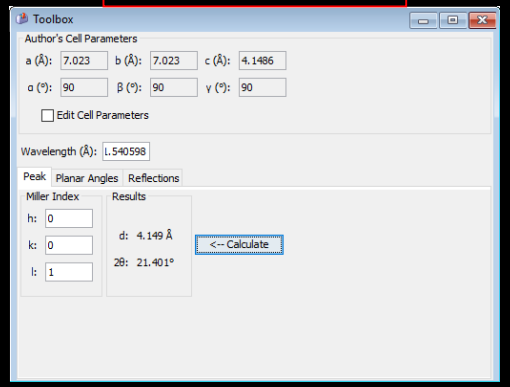
PDF Data Card Features



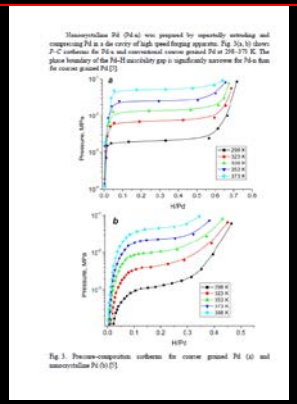
View Temperature Series



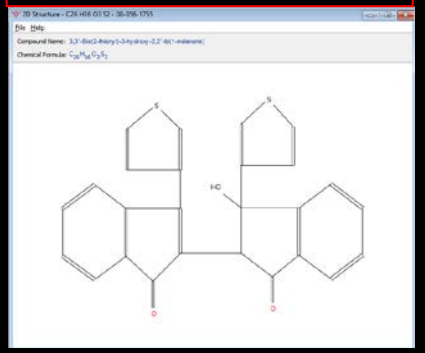
View Toolbox



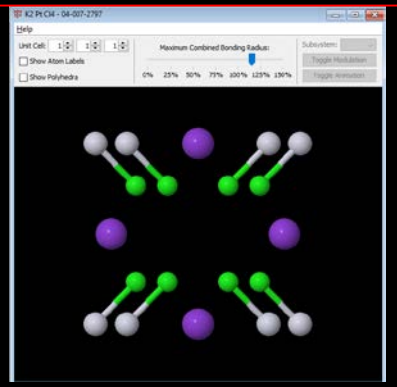
View Property Sheet



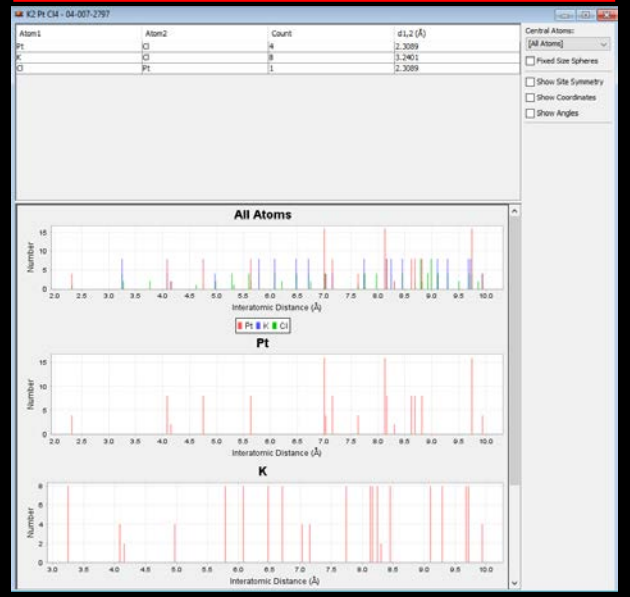
View 2D Structure



View 3D Structure

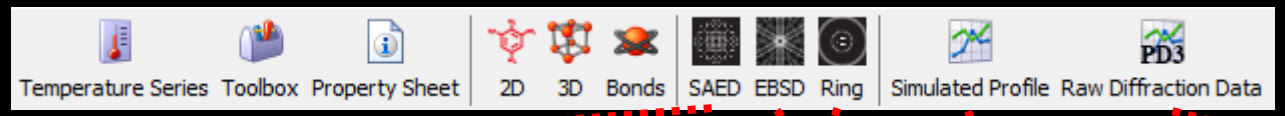


View Bond Distances/Angles

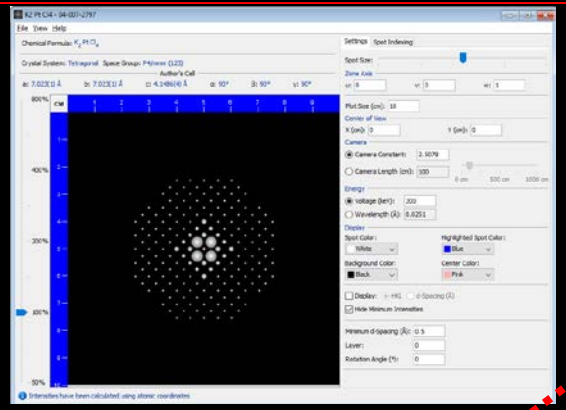


Note: The availability of each feature varies by PDF entry.

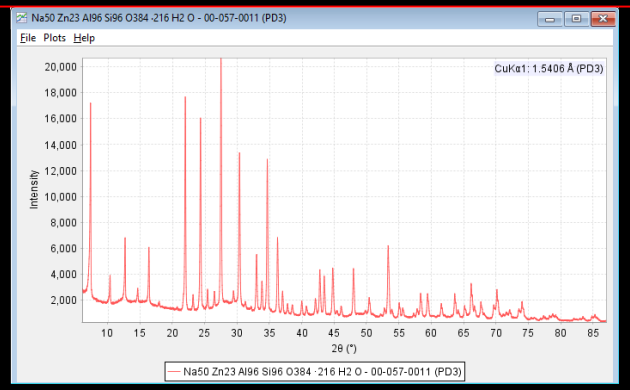
PDF Data Card Features



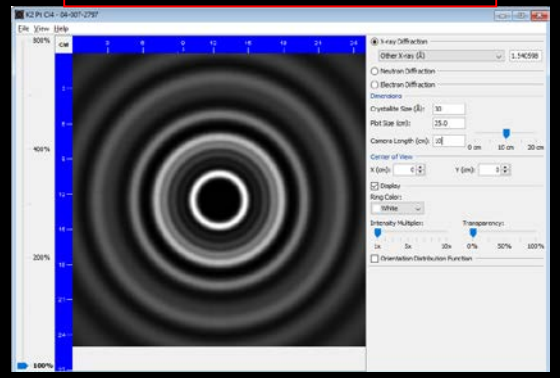
View Simulated Electron Spot Pattern



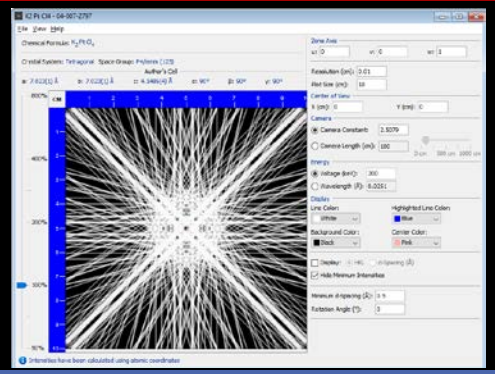
View Raw Diffraction Data (PD3)



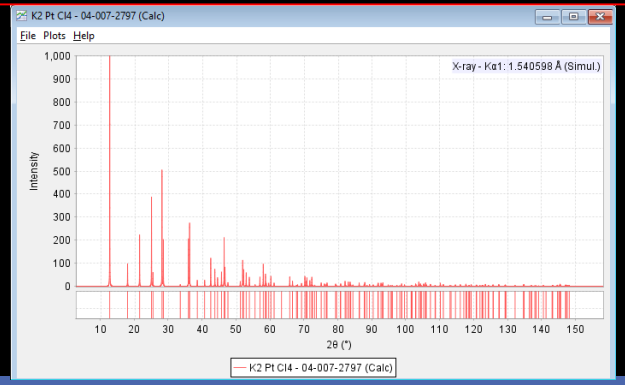
View Ring Pattern



View Electron Backscattering Pattern



View Simulated Diffraction Profile



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International Centre for Diffraction Data®
12 Campus Boulevard
Newtown Square, PA 19073
Phone: 610.325.9814
Toll Free Number in US & Canada: 866.378.0331
Fax: 610.325.9823